## $2^{\text {nd }}$ Quarter 2020 Investor Presentation

NASDAQ: SFNC

## Forward-Looking Statements and Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Forward-Looking Statements. Certain statements contained in this presentation may not be based on historical facts and should be considered "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements may be identified by reference to a future period(s) or by the use of forwardlooking terminology, such as "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "foresee," "may," "might," "will," "would," "could" or "intend," future or conditional verb tenses, and variations or negatives of such terms. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, those relating to Simmons First National Corporation's ("Company") future growth; revenue; expenses (including, without limitation, non-interest expenses); assets; asset quality; profitability; earnings; critical accounting policies; accretion; net interest margin; non-interest revenue; market conditions related to and impact of the Company's common stock repurchase program; adequacy of the allowance for loan losses; income tax deductions; credit quality; level of credit losses from lending commitments; net interest revenue; interest rate sensitivity; loan loss experience; liquidity; capital resources; market risk; the expected benefits, milestones, or costs associated with the Company's acquisition strategy and Next Generation Bank Program; the Company's ability to recruit and retain key employees; the ability of the Company to manage the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic; legal and regulatory limitations and compliance and competition; anticipated loan principal reductions; fees associated with the Paycheck Protection Program; plans for investments in securities; statements under the caption "Management's Outlook" on slides 21 and 23 ; the timing, charges, and savings associated with completed and future branch closures; and projected dividends.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation in that actual results could differ materially from those indicated in such forward-looking statements, due to a variety of factors. These factors include, but are not limited to, changes in the Company's operating or expansion strategy; the availability of and costs associated with obtaining adequate and timely sources of liquidity; the ability to maintain credit quality; the effect of steps the Company takes in response to the COVID19 pandemic; the severity and duration of the pandemic, including whether there is a "second wave" as a result of the loosening of governmental restrictions; the pace of recovery when the pandemic subsides and the heightened impact it has on many of the risks described herein; the effects of the pandemic on, among other things, the Company's operations, liquidity, and credit quality; general market and economic conditions; unemployment; possible adverse rulings, judgments, settlements and other outcomes of pending or future litigation (including litigation arising from the Company's participation in and administration of programs related to the COVID-19 pandemic (including the CARES Act)); the ability of the Company to collect amounts due under loan agreements; changes in consumer preferences and loan demand; effectiveness of the Company's interest rate risk management strategies; laws and regulations affecting financial institutions in general or relating to taxes; the effect of pending or future legislation; the ability of the Company to repurchase its common stock on favorable terms; the ability of the Company to successfully implement its acquisition strategy; changes in interest rates, deposit flows, real estate values, and capital markets; inflation; customer acceptance of the Company's products and services; changes or disruptions in technology and IT systems (including cyber threats, attacks and events); changes in accounting principles relating to loan loss recognition (current expected credit losses, or CECL); the benefits associated with the Company's early retirement program and completed and future branch closures; and other risk factors. Other relevant risk factors may be detailed from time to time in the Company's press releases and filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, including, without limitation, the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date of this Report, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that occur after the date of this Report. Annualized, pro forma, projected and estimated numbers are used for illustrative purpose only, are not forecasts and may not reflect actual results.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures. This document contains financial information determined by methods other than in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Company's management uses these non-GAAP financial measures in their analysis of the company's performance. These measures adjust GAAP performance measures to, among other things, include the tax benefit associated with revenue items that are tax-exempt, as well as exclude from income available to common shareholders certain expenses related to significant non-core activities, such as merger-related expenses, expenses related to the Company's early retirement program, gain on sale of branches, and branch rightsizing expenses. In addition, the Company also presents certain figures based on tangible common stockholders' equity and tangible book value, which exclude goodwill and other intangible assets. The Company further presents certain figures that are exclusive of PPP loans. The Company's management believes that these non-GAAP financial measure are useful to investors because they, among other things, present the results of the Company's ongoing operations without the effect of mergers or other items not central to the Company's ongoing business, as well as normalizing for tax effects. Management, therefore, believes presentations of these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful supplemental information that is essential to a proper understanding of the operating results of the Company's core businesses. These non-GAAP disclosures should not be viewed as a substitute for operating results determined in accordance with GAAP, nor are they necessarily comparable to non-GAAP performance measures that may be presented by other companies. Where non-GAAP financial measures are used, the comparable GAAP financial measure, as well as the reconciliation to the comparable GAAP financial measure, can be found in the appendix to this presentation.

Simmons First
National Corporation

## COVID-19 Update

NASDAQ: SFNC

## COVID-19 Pandemic Response

## Pandemic Timeline

## January:

- Monitored information regarding COVID-19 in China


## February:

- Held pandemic planning meetings
- Inventoried supplies, ordered additional laptops/IT equipment
- Communications to associates


## March:

- Announced temporary closure of 52 branches
- Closed lobbies, except by appointments
- Communicated with customers
- Focused on enhanced digital banking experience


## April - June:

- Refined travel policy for limited, critical business travel
- Conservatively reopened targeted lobbies
- Monitored and implemented local and state law changes


## Our Associates

- Continued work from home plan for certain staff
- With only a few exceptions, branch staffing returned
- Suspended certain growth oriented incentive plans and focus on stability
- Extended pandemic pay program


## Our Communities

- Donated masks, gloves and hand sanitizers to healthcare facilities, police and a community group delivering meals
- Sponsored a live streaming concert from Simmons Bank Arena to benefit the Feeding America food banks and the Hunger Relief Alliance raising over $\$ 30,000$
- Donated $\$ 15,000$ to Arkansas Foodbank
- Purchased gift cards from customers to give away on social media and to local non profit organizations
- Associates delivered food and care packages to support police, firefighters, emergency responders and healthcare workers
- One of our associates handmade 400 facemasks for healthcare workers and other community members
- A bank customer manufactures hand sanitizer and made it available to our bank customers in Tennessee
- Donated $\$ 10,000$ to the United Way of Columbia, MO
- Donated $\$ 50,000$ to an interest-free loan fund for small businesses in St. Louis
- Donated $\$ 10,000$ to the Urban League in St. Louis to support weekly distributions of food, toiletries, gloves and masks for families in need throughout the St. Louis area
- Contributed $\$ 15,000$ to the Arkansas 30-Day Fund to support 7 Arkansas businesses with an emergency forgivable loan


## Consumer Digital Banking

## Weekly Digital Transactions passed Weekly Branch Transactions in March 2020



## Consumer Digital Accounts and Transactions

- For the first time, in March, we had more weekly transactions using the digital channels than at the branches
- Mobile Deposit saw an increase of $75 \%$ since the end of February
- Over 38,000 (+23\%) new consumer digital banking users since 2/29/20
- $78 \%$ of deposit transaction accounts are enrolled in digital banking


## Consumer Digital Platform

- Converted to new mobile platform in October 2019
- Converted to new online platform in May 2020
- All consumer customers are now on the same system, including acquired institutions


## Liquidity and Investment Securities

## Liquidity

- Over $\$ 2.5$ billion in Cash and Cash Equivalents as of 6/30/20
- Intentionally increased cash position in Q1
- In Q1, sold investment securities when the 10YR TSY was near historic lows
- Increase in deposits
- Over $\$ 5$ billion available in secondary borrowing sources of liquidity as of quarter end
- Substantial access to brokered deposits
- Loan/Deposit Ratio of $88 \%$ as of $6 / 30 / 20$ ( $82 \%$ excluding PPP loans)


## Investment Securities Plan

- In Q1, sold ~\$1 billion of investment securities to
- De-risk the balance sheet
- Create liquidity
- Recognize gains of over $\$ 30$ million
- Increase capital
- Security types sold in Q1:
- MBS ~\$615MM
- CMOs ~\$171MM
- Municipals ~\$252MM
- Q2 investment security yield was $2.50 \%$
- Expect to re-invest approximately $\$ 1$ billion in the investment securities portfolio by year-end

Cash and Cash Equivalents


Loans / Deposits


## Current Expected Credit Losses (CECL) Methodology

## Methodology

- CECL replaced the incurred loss methodology with a life of loan concept effective January 1, 2020
- Reserve factors are based on estimated probability of default and loss given default for each segment
- The estimates are determined based on management's assessment of economic forecasts over the reasonable and supportable forecast period (one-year)
- For contractual periods that extend beyond the one-year forecast period, the estimates revert to average historical loss experiences over a one-year period on a straight-line basis
- Further qualitative adjustments are based on factors and considerations that have not otherwise been fully accounted for
- Loans that do not share similar risk characteristics are evaluated on an individual basis by either estimating the fair value of underlying collateral or the present value of expected cash flows


## Economic Scenarios

- Regression Loss Models were developed using historical loan loss data to identify statistically significant relationships with national economic variables to forecast losses
- Significant variables include: (1) Commercial Real Estate Price Index, (2) Personal Disposable Income, (3) Prime Rate, (4) Unemployment Rate, (5) Gross Domestic Product
- Consideration given to Moody's Analytics suite of economic scenario forecasts published in June 2020
- Baseline, S1="Upside $-10^{\text {th }}$ Percentile", S2="Downside $-75^{\text {th }}$ Percentile", S3="Downside $-90^{\text {th }}$ Percentile"
- Weighting of scenarios were applied to align with management's expectation of future conditions
- June 30, 2020 weighting was Baseline S1 (68\%) / S2 (22\%) / S3 (10\%)


## CECL (continued)

## \$ in millions

| Allowance for Loan Losses and Loan Coverage |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| CECL Adoption (Day 1 adjustment) | 01/01/20 |
| :---: | :---: |
| ACL Loans | \$ 146.1 |
| PCD Loan discount reclassed to ACL | 5.4 |
| ACL Securities | 0.7 |
| Unfunded commitment reserve | 24.0 |
| Total CECL Day 1 adjustment | \$ 176.2 |
| Retrospective equity adjustment | \$ 128.1 |
| Loan Discount not associated with loan coverage (Deferred Revenue) |  |
| 12/31/19 | \$ 0 |
| 01/01/20, CECL adoption | 81.8 |
| 03/31/20 | 69.2 |
| 06/30/20 | \$ 58.2 |
| 2020 Scheduled Loan Discount Accretion: |  |
| Q1 [Actual] | \$ 11.8 |
| Q2 [Actual] | 11.7 |
| Q3 [Estimated] | 4.2 |
| Q4 [Estimated] | \$ 3.9 |

(1) Figures excluding PPP loans are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

## Loan Portfolio Summary, including PPP Loans

as of June 30, 2020

| \$ in millions | Balance \$ | \% of <br> Total <br> Loans | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COVID-19 } \\ & \text { Modification } \\ & \$ \end{aligned}$ | Past Due 30 days or more \$ | Classified \$ | Non-performing \$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ACL } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | Unfunded Commitment \$ | Unfunded Commitment Reserve |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



## Loan Portfolio Summary - Excluding PPP Loans

as of June 30, 2020

| \$ in millions | Balance \$ | \% of <br> Total <br> Loans | COVID-19 <br> Modification \$ | Past Due 30 days or more \$ | Classified \$ | Non-performing \$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ACL } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | Unfunded Commitment \$ | Unfunded Commitment Reserve |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Total Loan Portfolio ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumer - Credit Card | 184 | 1\% | 2 | 1 | - | - | 6.0\% | - |  |
| Consumer - Other | 214 | 2\% | 10 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4.9\% | 20 |  |
| Real Estate - Construction | 2,010 | 15\% | 287 | 3 | 7 | 7 | 2.6\% | 982 |  |
| Real Estate - Commercial | 6,316 | 46\% | 2,345 | 1 | 122 | 36 | 1.2\% | 269 |  |
| Real Estate - Single-family | 2,207 | 16\% | 284 | 9 | 41 | 33 | 0.8\% | 253 |  |
| Commercial | 2,074 | 15\% | 359 | 3 | 79 | 54 | 2.7\% | 987 |  |
| Agriculture | 218 | 2\% | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 0.9\% | 103 |  |
| Other | 419 | 3\% | - | - | 25 | - | 0.5\% | 2 |  |
| Total Loan Portfolio | 13,643 | 100\% | 3,288 | 19 | 277 | 132 | 1.7\% | 2,616 | 0.9\% |
| Select Loan Categories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail | 1,379 | 10\% | 726 | - | 23 | 5 | 1.3\% | 109 |  |
| Nursing / Extended Care | 429 | 3\% | 181 | - | - | - | 1.6\% | 117 |  |
| Healthcare | 527 | 4\% | 124 | - | 17 | 3 | 1.6\% | 116 |  |
| Multifamily | 872 | 6\% | 367 | - | 28 | 2 | 0.9\% | 125 |  |
| Hotel | 1,027 | 8\% | 635 | - | 16 | 11 | 1.6\% | 68 |  |
| Restaurant - real estate | 269 | 2\% | 163 | - | 2 | 1 | 1.7\% | 5 |  |
| Restaurant - non-real estate | 172 | 1\% | 116 | - | 3 | 2 | 1.0\% | 12 |  |
| Energy Loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Upstream | 234 | 2\% | 1 | - | 16 | 12 | 11.3 | 61 |  |
| Midstream | 50 | 0\% | - | - | 20 | 20 | 23.5\% | 4 |  |
| Services | 14 | 0\% | - | - | 1 | - | 1.0\% | 1 |  |
| Total Energy | 298 | 2\% | 1 | - | 37 | 32 | 16.7\% | 66 |  |

## Loan Portfolio - Geographic Diversification

Outstanding Balance as of June 30, 2020

## Total Loan Portfolio \$14.6 Billion



## Select Loan Categories - Geographic Diversification

Outstanding Balance as of June 30, 2020


## Commercial



Real Estate - Commercial



## Select Loan Types - Geographic Diversification

Outstanding Balance as of June 30, 2020


Multifamily

\$874 million

Hotel


## Restaurant

## \$269 million

## Select Construction Loan Types - Geographic Diversification

Outstanding Balance as of June 30, 2020


```
Multifamily
```


\$235 million

- Dallas
- Jackson, MS
- Chattanooga, TN
- Kansas City
- Midland, TX
- Denver
- All other markets
\$235 million


## Hotel

Nursing / Extended Care


## Energy Lending Update - Excluding PPP Loans ${ }^{(1)}$

Outstanding Balance as of June 30, 2020

## Principal Reductions:

- Q1-20 $\$ 78$ million
- Q2-20 $\$ 83$ million
- Anticipated for the balance of 2020:
- Q3 $\$ 77$ million
- Q4 $\$ 124$ million


## By Industry Sector



## Energy Shared National Credits:

- \$53 million or 18\% of outstanding energy Ioan balances
- $\$ 30$ million unfunded commitments


## Q2-20 Energy Credit Charge-offs (~\$32.4 million):

- $\$ 21.9$ million - borrowers in bankruptcy
- \$10.6 million - credits sold

By Upstream \& Midstream by Play/Field [mix of oil \& gas]


$$
\$ 298 \text { million or 2.0\% of Total Loan Portfolio }
$$

(1) Excludes $\$ 16.9$ million of PPP loans to energy customers, as these loans are $100 \%$ government guaranteed under the SBA PPP Program.

## Agricultural Lending Update

- Most commodity prices are lower than 2019 and have been volatile
- Soybean and corn prices are lower than last year
- Cotton and rice prices have improved from this time last year
- Current crop conditions are good after a wet spring
- COVID-19 resulted in lower exports and oversupply, putting more pressure on commodity pricing
- Lower oil prices have resulted in lower input cost
- Most of our farm customers participated in the SBA PPP loan program
- On April 17, 2020, President Trump announced a $\$ 19$ billion Coronavirus Relief Program for farmers and food producers

Ag. Loan Portfolio

| \$ in millions | $6 / 30 / 20$ | $6 / 30 / 19$ | Change \$ | Change \% |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | $\mathbf{\$ 2 1 7 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 9 3 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 4 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 . 8 \%}$ |

## Lending - SBA PPP Loans

as of June 30, 2020

## Simmons' PPP Loan Portfolio

- PPP Loans are assigned a risk weighting of zero percent
- Average loan amount \$123,000
- Smallest loan amount \$195
- Loan yield $2.33 \%$ for second quarter 2020 (includes amortization of SBA fee income net of expenses)


## U.S. Small Business <br> Administration

## Paycheck Protection Program

An SBA loan that helps businesses keep their workforce employed during the Coronavirus (COVID19) crisis.

Simmons' PPP Loan Portfolio as of June 30, 2020

| Loan Balance | Loan <br> Balance <br> (\$ in millions) |  | \# of Loans |  | Interest Rate | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SBA } \\ & \text { Fee } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Estimated } \\ \text { SBA } \\ \text { Fee \$ } \end{gathered}$ | Estimated Agent Fee \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less than \$350,000 | \$ 392 | 41\% | 7,286 | 93\% | 1.00\% | 5.00\% | \$ 19.6 | \$ (1.5) |
| \$350,000 to Less than \$2 million | 355 | 37\% | 478 | 6\% | 1.00\% | 3.00\% | 10.7 | (0.9) |
| \$2 to \$10 Million | 216 | 22\% | 62 | 1\% | 1.00\% | 1.00\% | 2.2 | (0.3) |
| Total | \$ 964 | 100\% | 7,826 | 100\% | 1.00\% | 1.00\% | \$ 32.4 | \$ (2.6) |

## Lending - COVID-19 Loan Modifications

as of June 30, 2020

| COVID-19 Total Loan Modifications |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Loan Balance (In millions) | \% | \# of Loans | \% |
| Commercial Loans | \$ 3,122 | 95\% | 3,094 | 67\% |
| Consumer Loans | 166 | 5\% | 1,529 | 33\% |
| Total | \$ 3,288 | 100\% | 4,623 | 100\% |
| \% of total loan portfolio | 22.5\% |  |  |  |



## Commercial Loan COVID-19 Modifications

by Division and Loan Type
as of June 30, 2020

COVID-19 Commercial Loan Modifications By Division


COVID-19 Commercial Loan Modifications By Loan Type


## Capital

| Capital Ratios |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ in millions | Total Commo Equity |  | Common Equity to Assets | Tangib Comm Equity |  | Tangible Common <br> Equity to <br> Tangible Assets ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| As of 12/31/19 | \$ | 2,988 | 14.06\% | \$ | 1,805 | 8.99\% |
| As of 01/01/20, with CECL Day 1 adjustment |  | 2,861 | 13.46\% |  | 1,678 | 8.36\% |
| As of 03/31/20 |  | 2,845 | 13.65\% |  | 1,658 | 8.44\% |
| As of 06/30/20 | \$ | 2,905 | 13.26\% | \$ | 1,721 | 8.31\% |

## Regulatory Capital Ratios

| \$ in millions | Tier 1 Capital |  | Tier 2 Capital |  | Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) | Tier 1 Leverage | Tier 1 Risk-based Capital | Total Risk-based Capital |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| As of 12/31/19 | \$ | 1,808 | \$ | 2,273 | 10.92\% | 9.59\% | 10.92\% | 13.73\% |
| As of 01/01/20, with CECL Day 1 adjustment |  | 1,813 |  | 2,273 | 10.92\% | 9.59\% | 10.92\% | 13.73\% |
| As of 03/31/20 |  | 1,778 |  | 2,262 | 11.10\% | 8.96\% | 11.10\% | 14.13\% |
| As of 06/30/20 | \$ | 1,820 | \$ | 2,287 | 11.85\% | 8.78\% | 11.85\% | 14.89\% |
| Regulatory "Well Capitalized" |  |  |  |  | 6.50\% | 5.00\% | 8.00\% | 10.00\% |


| Loan Concentration |  |
| :--- | :---: |
|  | \% of <br> Total Capital |
| As of 06/30/20 | $88 \%$ |
| C\&D | $281 \%$ |
| CRE |  |

## Regulatory Capital Comments:

- The Company elected the 5 year phase-in of the CECL Day 1 impact to Regulatory Capital
- PPP loans are assigned a risk weight of zero percent

1) Tangible common equity (which excludes goodwill and other intangible assets), as well as figures based on tangible common equity, are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

## Revenue

| Category | Q1-20 Linked Quarter Change | Q2-20 Linked Quarter Change | Management's Outlook |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest Income | Down \$4.2 million or 2.0\% | Down \$17.6 million or 8.4\% (Decrease was driven by the Q2 Fed rate cut, excess liquidity, and lower security portfolio balance) | Expect continued negative impact from: <br> - Lower yields on investment securities and interest bearing cash accounts <br> - Loan growth tempered (flat to down 5\%) <br> Expect to reinvest up $\$ 1$ billion in the security portfolio by year-end. |
| Interest Expense | Down \$4.6 million or 9.9\% | Down \$13.8 million or 33.0\% | Cost of deposits decreased 36 basis points from Q1 to Q2. Anticipate deposit cost to remain stable for the balance of the year. |
| Net Interest Income | Up \$417,000 or 0.3\% | Down \$3.8 million or 2.3\% | Expect a flat to slightly declining NIM for the balance of 2020 (PPP Loans and additional liquidity are expected to continue to impact the NIM for the balance of the year). |
| Trust Revenue | Down \$279,000 or 3.8\% | Up \$102,000 or 1.4\% | Anticipate flat to slight decrease in Trust revenue due to pricing being based on market value. |
| Service Charges | Flat | Down \$4.8 million or $35.7 \%$ <br> (Decrease was driven by lower transaction volume primarily related to COVID-19) | Anticipate flat to modest increase in service charge fee income on deposits and ODP fees (dependent on impact from COVID-19). |
| Mortgage Revenue | Up \$1.0 million or 25.2\% | Up \$7.4 million or 146.9\% (Increase was driven new mortgage loans and refinancing across the industry) | Q2 results were higher than expected. For Q3, expect a decrease as new loans and refinancing slows. |
| Debit and Credit Card fees | Down \$1.0 million or 11.3\% | Up \$82,000 or 1.0\% | Anticipate flat to modest increase for the balance of the year. |
| Gain on Sale of Securities | Up \$31.7 million | Down \$31.7 million | Management does not anticipate a significant sale of additional investment securities. |
| Other income | Up \$5.7 million | Down \$3.0 million <br> (Decrease was primarily driven by gain on sale of the South TX branches of $\$ 5.9$ million in Q1 and gain on sale of Colorado branches of \$2 million in Q2) | Management expects other income to modestly decrease due to lower income related to recoveries. |

## Deposit Interest Expense - Cost of Deposits decreased 36 bps

## \$ in millions

## Deposit Composition

|  | as of 3/31/20 |  |  | as of 6/30/20 |  |  | Linked Quarter Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Balance | \% | Rate | Balance | \% | Rate | Balance | Rate |
| Non-interest bearing | \$ 3,572 | 23\% | 0.00\% | \$ 4,608 | 28\% | 0.00\% | \$ 1,036 | 0.00\% |
| Interest bearing transaction \& savings | 8,841 | 57\% | 0.80\% | 8,978 | 54\% | 0.32\% | 137 | (0.48\%) |
| Time deposits | 3,147 | 20\% | 1.70\% | 3,030 | 18\% | 1.42\% | (117) | (0.28\%) |
| Total Deposits | \$ 15,560 | 100\% | 0.80\% | \$ 16,616 | 100\% | 0.44\% | \$ 1,056 | (0.36\%) |

## Interest Bearing Deposit Repricing

- Interest Rates - In March, the Fed reduced the Fed Funds target rate by 150 basis points.
- Interest Bearing Transaction Deposits - Rates were lowered during the latter part of the first quarter.
- Time Deposits - Rates were lowered during the latter part of the first quarter. Based on maturities, we expect there will be a continued lag in the impact to interest expense.

SFNC Cost of Deposits during the "Great Recession" (1)

|  | Q407 | Q408 | Q409 | Q410 | Q411 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Int. Bearing Dep. | $3.45 \%$ | $2.26 \%$ | $1.24 \%$ | $0.83 \%$ | $0.63 \%$ | 0.42 |
| Cost of Deposits | $2.98 \%$ | $1.96 \%$ | $1.07 \%$ | $0.71 \%$ | $0.50 \%$ | 0.3 |

## Provision and Non-interest Expense

| Category | Q1-20 Linked Quarter Change | Q2-20 Linked Quarter Change | Management's Outlook |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provision Expense | Up \$21.2 million | Up \$781,000 | Provision expense expected to be impacted by changes of the following: <br> 1. Loan Growth - expect flat to decreasing <br> 2. Charge-off's - if not specifically reserved <br> 3. Moody's Economic Scenario Forecast: <br> Management's weighting for Q2: <br> - Moody's Baseline - $68 \%$ <br> - Moody's Adverse - $22 \%$ <br> - Moody's Severely Adverse - 10\% |
| Salaries and Employee Benefits | Up $\$ 4.7$ million or $7.4 \%$ <br> The increase was impacted by a full quarter effect of the Landmark Bank acquisition. | Down $\$ 10.3$ million or $15.1 \%$ <br> 1) Employee benefits - $\$ 3.1$ million decrease (payroll taxes, insurance utilization, and other employee benefits) <br> 2) Salaries - $\$ 2.3$ million decrease <br> 3) Incentive based plans - $\$ 4.9$ million decrease (executive, lender and retail incentive plans) | The system conversion of Landmark was completed on $2 / 14 / 20$, with cost savings realized beginning in Q2-20. <br> Other Expected Changes: <br> - Incentive payouts likely to be lower with a emphasis on maintenance of asset quality, customer care and less opportunity for growth <br> - Impact from sale of branches <br> - Branch rightsizing - announced the closing of 11 branches/June and 24 branches/Q4 <br> - Voluntary early retirement plan |
| Occupancy Expense | Flat | Down \$293,000 or 3.1\% | Expect a decrease in occupancy due to branch sales and branch closing. |
| Other operating Expense | Up \$744,000 or 2.0\% | Down \$2.6 million or 5.5\% | Enhanced emphasis on efficiencies throughout the Company. We will continue to invest in our digital capacity. |
| Non-interest Expense quarte | n-rate estimate for the balance | 20 | Anticipate that approximately $\$ 115-\$ 118$ million per quarter. (Q3 \& Q4 will be impacted by changes in incentive accruals, unfunded commitment expense, branch closures, early retirement and COVID-19) |

## Branch Rightsizing Initiative

## Branch Sales

## South Texas Branch Sale

- Announced on December 20, 2019
- Closed on February 28, 2020
- 5 Branches
- Deposits: $\$ 140$ million
- Loans: \$261 million
- Gain on sale: $\quad \$ 5.9$ million


## Colorado Branch Sale

- Announced on February 10, 2020
- Closed on May 15, 2020
- 4 Branches
- Deposits: $\$ 63$ million
- Loans: $\$ 121$ million
- Gain on sale: $\$ 2.2$ million


## Branch Closings

## Landrum Branch Closures

- 6 Branches closed as part of the Landrum acquisition
- Branches closed prior to system conversion on February 14, 2020


## June 2020 Branch Closures

- 11 Branches closed on June 26, 2020
- Estimated one-time charges of $\$ 1.9$ million
- Estimated annual net savings $\$ 2.4$ million
- Earn back period of less than 1 year


## Q4 2020 Expected Branch Closures

- 24 Branches expected to be closed in the $4^{\text {th }}$ quarter
- Estimated one-time charges of $\$ 9.6$ million
- Estimated annual net savings $\$ 6.8$ million
- Earn back period of less than 1.5 years

Will continue to review other branch rightsizing opportunities

## Key Ratios Adjusted for PPP Loans \& Additional Liquidity

| Adjusted for PPP Loans | Including <br> PPP Loans | Excluding <br> PpP Loans <br> $(1)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Loan yield | $4.84 \%$ | $4.94 \%$ |
| Core Loan Yield | $4.52 \%$ | $4.62 \%$ |
| Allowance for credit losses to total loans | $1.59 \%$ | $1.70 \%$ |
| Stockholders' equity to total assets | $13.3 \%$ | $13.9 \%$ |
| Tangible common equity to tangible assets | $8.3 \%$ | $8.7 \%$ |
| Regulatory tier 1 leverage ratio | $8.8 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ |
| Loans / Deposits | $88 \%$ | $82 \%$ |

Net interest margin (FTE) was $3.42 \%$ for the quarter ended June 30, 2020, while the core net interest margin, which excludes the accretion, was $3.18 \%$ for the same period. The decrease in the net interest margin during the second quarter of 2020 was primarily driven by the additional liquidity and the lower yielding PPP loans, which decreased the net interest margin by approximately 25 basis points.

[^0]
## Quarterly Review

NASDAQ: SFNC

## Company Profile

| TICKER: SFNC |
| :--- |
| Founded |
| Footprint |
| 7 States |
| Market Cap ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| \$1.9 billion |
| Total Assets ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| \$21.9 billion |



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS BY DIVISION(2)(3)

| Division | Geographic Footprint | Branches | Loans | Deposits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arkansas Communities | Arkansas smaller population markets | 46 | \$1.5 | \$2.9 |
| Central Arkansas | Little Rock/North Little Rock/Benton/Bryant | 18 | \$0.8 | \$1.5 |
| Western | Northwest Arkansas/Oklahoma/Kansas | 39 | \$2.0 | \$2.5 |
| Missouri | Missouri/Illinois | 58 | \$3.2 | \$3.8 |
| Tennessee | Tennessee | 38 | \$1.6 | \$2.3 |
| Texas | Dallas/Fort Worth/North Texas | 27 | \$3.9 | \$2.1 |

(1) Based on June 30, 2020 closing stock price of $\$ 17.11$ and number of shares outstanding as of that date.
(2) As of June 30, 2020.
 energy, brokered and other).

## Selected Business Units

## As of and for the six months ended ended June 30, 2020

- \$184 million nationwide credit card portfolio
- Loan yield (including fees): $13.2 \%$
- History of excellent credit quality ( $1.98 \%$ YTD net charge-off ratio)
- Mortgage Originations : $\$ 502$ million
- $47 \%$ Purchase vs. $52 \%$ Refinance


## TRUST

- Total Assets: $\$ 5.9$ billion
- Managed Assets: \$3.6 billion
- Non-managed / Custodial Assets: $\$ 2.2$ billion
- Profit Margin: $37.0 \%$
- Growing investment management business


## ROYALTY TRUST

- Revenue: $\$ 1.1$ million

- Profit Margin : 35.7\%


## INVESTMENTS

- Beginning March 2019, retail investments services provided through networking arrangement with LPL Financial
- LPL platform, among other things, provides customers with online self-service trade option
- Retail Group: \$1.4 billion AUM
- $\quad \$ 274.1$ million in fee-based / advisory assets


## INSURANCE (EMPLOYEE BENEFITS \& LIFE)

- Revenue: $\$ 625$ thousand
- Profit Margin: 32\%


## Financial Highlights

| Quarterly RESULTS SIN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q1 } 2020 \\ \text { EARNINGS } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\text { Q2 } 2020$ <br> EARNINGS |  | CHANGE |  |  | Q1 2020 DILUTED EPS |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q2 } 2020 \\ \text { DILUTED EPS } \end{gathered}$ |  | CHANGE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | \$ | \% |  | \$ |  |  | \% |
| GAAP Results | \$ | 77.22 I |  |  | \$ | 58.79 | \$ | (18.43) | (23.9\%) |  |  | \$ | 0.68 | \$ | 0.54 | \$ | (0.14) | (20.6\%) |
| Non-Core Items |  | (3.39) |  | 1.36 |  | 4.74 | (140.1\%) |  | (0.03) |  | 0.01 |  | 0.04 | (133.3\%) |
| Non-GAAP Core Results | \$ | 73.84 | \$ | 60.15 | \$ | (13.69) | (18.5\%) | \$ | 0.65 | \$ | 0.55 | \$ | (0.10) | (15.4\%) |
| ROA |  | 1.48\% |  | 1.08\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core ROA |  | 1.42\% |  | 1.11\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ROACE |  | 10.83\% |  | 8.21\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core ROACE |  | 10.35\% |  | 8.40\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ROTCE |  | 19.00\% |  | 14.55\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core ROTCE |  | 18.19\% |  | 14.87\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency Ratio ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 56.38\% |  | 49.12\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NIM |  | 3.68\% |  | 3.42\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core NIM |  | 3.42\% |  | 3.18\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| YTD RESULTS (as of June 30) \$IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA | 2019 <br> EARNINGS |  | 2020 EARNINGS |  | CHANGE |  |  | 2019 <br> DILUTED EPS |  | $2020$ <br> DILUTED EPS |  | CHANGE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \$ | \% | \$ |  | \% |  |  |  |  |
| GAAP Results | \$ | 103.29 |  |  | \$ | 136.01 | \$ | 32.72 | 31.7\% | \$ | 1.09 | \$ | 1.22 | \$ | 0.13 | 11.9\% |
| Non-Core Items |  | 11.24 |  | (2.03) |  | (13.26) | (118.0\%) |  | 0.12 |  | (0.01) |  | (0.13) | (108.3\%) |
| Non-GAAP Core Results | \$ | 114.53 | \$ | 133.99 | \$ | 19.46 | 17.0\% | \$ | 1.21 | \$ | 1.21 | \$ | - | 0.0\% |
| ROA |  | 1.24\% |  | 1.28\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core ROA |  | 1.37\% |  | 1.26\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Roace |  | 9.05\% |  | 9.45\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core ROACE |  | 10.04\% |  | 9.31\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ROTCE |  | 16.38\% |  | 16.57\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core ROTCE |  | 18.09\% |  | 16.33\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency Ratio ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 53.14\% |  | 52.75\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NIM |  | 3.90\% |  | 3.55\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core NIM |  | 3.68\% |  | 3.30\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: Core figures (excluding Core NIM) exclude non-core income and expense items (e.g., early retirement program costs, gain on sale of banking operations, merger related costs and branch right-sizing costs). Core NIM excludes purchase accounting interest accretion. Core figures, as well as figures based on tangible common equity (which excludes goodwill and other intangible assets), are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations. and losses from securities transactions and non-core items, and is a non-GAAP measurement. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

## 2020 Financial Highlights

## As of and for the quarter ended June 30, 2020



- Total assets were $\$ 21.9$ billion, Loans were $\$ 14.6$ billion and Deposits were $\$ 16.6$ billion
- ROAA of $1.08 \%$ and Core ROAA of $1.11 \%$
- Efficiency Ratio of 49.12\%
- ROACE of $8.21 \%$ and Core ROACE of $8.40 \%$
- ROTCE of $14.55 \%$ and Core ROTCE of $14.87 \%$
- NIM of 3.42\% and Core NIM of 3.18\%
- Diluted EPS of $\$ 0.54$ and Core Diluted EPS of $\$ 0.55$
- Construction \& Development concentration was $88 \%$
- CRE concentration was $281 \%$, down from a high of $333 \%$ at the end of the second quarter of 2019
- Equity to asset ratio of $13.3 \%$ and tangible common equity to tangible asset ratio of $8.3 \%$
- Book value per share of $\$ 26.64$, an increase of $4.2 \%$ compared to the same date in 2019
- Tangible book value per share of $\$ 15.79$, an increase of $6.0 \%$ compared to the same date in 2019
- Since October 17, 2019, the Company has repurchased approximately 5.3 million shares at a weighted average price of $\$ 19.47$; since March 31, 2020, the Company has not repurchased any shares


## NON-CORE ITEMS

- Merger-related, early retirement program and branch right-sizing costs of $\$ 4.0$ million pre-tax and $\$ 3.0$ million after-tax
- Gain on sale of branches of $\$ 2.2$ million pre-tax and $\$ 1.6$ million after-tax


## Performance Trends




NON-INTEREST INCOME / REVENUE



(1) As of December 31, unless otherwise noted.

Efficiency ratio is core non-interest expense before foreclosed property expense and amortization of intangibles as a percent of net interest income (fully taxable equivalent) and non-interest revenues, excluding gains and losses from securities transactions and non-core items, and is a non-GAAP measurement. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.
Note: Core figures exclude non-core income and expense items (e.g., early retirement program costs, gain on early retirement of trust preferred securities, gain on sale of branches, gain on sale of insurance lines of business, donation to the Simmons Foundation, one-time tax adjustment, merger related costs and branch right-sizing costs). Core figures are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

## Performance Trends



[^1] of insurance lines of business, donation to the Simmons Foundation, one-time tax adjustment, merger related costs and branch right-sizing costs). Core figures, as well as figures based on tangible common equity (which excludes goodwill and other intangible assets), are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

## Performance Trends


(1) LTM (Last Twelve Months) as of June 30, 2020
(2) Per share information has been adjusted to reflect the effects of the Company's two-for-one stock split, which occurred on February 8, 2018.

Note: Core figures exclude non-core income and expense items (e.g., early retirement program costs, gain on early retirement of trust preferred securities, gain on sale of branches, gain on sale of insurance lines of business, donation to the simmons Foundation, one-time tax adjustment, merger related costs and branch right-sizing costs). Core figures, as well as figures based on tangible common equity (which excludes goodwill and other intangible assets), are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

## Regulatory Capital Ratios


(1) As of December 31, except for FY20 Q2, which is as of quarter end.

## Book Value \& Tangible Book Value


(1) As of December 31, except for FY20 Q2, which is as of quarter end.
(2) Figures based on tangible book value (which excludes goodwill and other intangible assets) are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

Loan Portfolio ${ }^{(1)}$

| ORIGINATING DIVISION | TOTAL <br> LOANS | $\%$ OF <br> TOTAL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| \$ IN BILLIONS | $\$$ | 1.46 |
| Arkansas Community | 0.82 | $10.0 \%$ |
| Central Arkansas | 3.23 | $22.1 \%$ |
| Missouri ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1.57 | $10.8 \%$ |
| Tennessee | 3.87 | $26.5 \%$ |
| Texas | 1.96 | $13.4 \%$ |
| Western | 1.68 | $11.5 \%$ |
| Other ${ }^{(3)}$ |  | $\%$ OF |
|  |  | TOTAL |
| RE-PRICING |  | $55 \%$ |
| Fixed Rate |  | $45 \%$ |
| Variable Rate |  | $30 \%$ |
| Variable - with LIBOR Index |  | $47 \%$ |
| Variable - with Prime Index |  | $23 \%$ |
| Variable - with Other Indices |  | $\%$ OF TOTAL |
|  |  | CAPITAL |
| LOAN CONCENTRATION |  | $88 \%$ |
| C\&D |  | $281 \%$ |


| TOTAL LOAN PORTFOLIO |
| :---: |
| $\$ 14.6$ billion |



| NON-PERFORMING LOANS ${ }^{(4)(5)}$ | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | FY20 Q1 | FY20 Q2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SFNC | 0.74\% | 1.84\% | 1.80\% | 1.52\% | 1.16\% | 0.69\% | 0.64\% | 0.80\% | 1.71\% | 0.71\% | 0.53\% | 0.67\% | 1.10\% | 0.91\% |
| All US Banks | 2.38\% | 4.78\% | 4.68\% | 4.13\% | 3.56\% | 2.90\% | 2.28\% | 1.82\% | 1.64\% | 1.37\% | 1.21\% | 0.96\% | 1.04\% | NA |
| NON-PERFORMING ASSETS ${ }^{(4)(5)}$ | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | FY20 Q1 | FY20 Q2 |
| SFNC | 0.60\% | 1.42\% | 1.63\% | 1.42\% | 1.52\% | 1.84\% | 1.33\% | 1.12\% | 1.48\% | 0.72\% | 0.53\% | 0.56\% | 0.87\% | 0.68\% |
| All US Banks | 1.34\% | 2.39\% | 2.37\% | 2.04\% | 1.72\% | 1.40\% | 1.10\% | 0.92\% | 0.83\% | 0.69\% | 0.61\% | 0.49\% | 0.54\% | NA |
| NET CHARGE-OFFS ${ }^{(4) / 5)}$ | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | FY20 Q1 | FY20 Q2 |
| SFNC | 0.43\% | 0.58\% | 0.70\% | 0.49\% | 0.39\% | 0.25\% | 0.22\% | 0.14\% | 0.29\% | 0.31\% | 0.21\% | 0.24\% | 0.07\% | 0.56\% |
| SFNC, excluding credit card net charge-offs | 0.30\% | 0.38\% | 0.52\% | 0.30\% | 0.26\% | 0.15\% | 0.20\% | 0.16\% | 0.35\% | 0.31\% | 0.25\% | 0.22\% | 0.04\% | 0.54\% |
| All US Banks | 1.70\% | 2.91\% | 2.96\% | 1.81\% | 1.26\% | 0.77\% | 0.55\% | 0.47\% | 0.48\% | 0.50\% | 0.48\% | 0.48\% | 0.53\% | $N A$ |

[^2]
## Net Interest Income

## \$ in millions

|  | 2019 |  |  | 2020 |  | 2020 SCHEDULED ACCRETION |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Q1 | Q2 |  |  |
| Loan Yield ${ }^{(1)}$ | 5.58\% | 5.47\% | 5.43\% | 5.19\% | 4.84\% | Q1 (Actual) | \$11.8 |
| Core Loan Yield ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ | 5.26\% | 5.19\% | 5.00\% | 4.86\% | 4.52\% |  |  |
| Security Yield ${ }^{(1)}$ | 3.06\% | 2.87\% | 2.73\% | 2.63\% | 2.50\% | Q2 (Actual) | \$11.7 |
| Cost of Interest Bearing Deposits | 1.37\% | 1.40\% | 1.22\% | 1.03\% | 0.59\% |  | \$4 2 |
| Cost of Deposits | 1.07\% | 1.09\% | 0.94\% | 0.80\% | 0.44\% | Q3 (Estimated) | \$4.2 |
| Cost of Borrowed Funds | 2.50\% | 2.52\% | 2.30\% | 2.06\% | 1.84\% |  |  |
| Net Interest Margin ${ }^{(1)}$ | 3.94\% | 3.82\% | 3.78\% | 3.68\% | 3.42\% | Q4 (Estimated) | \$3.9 |
| Core Net Interest Margin ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ | 3.67\% | 3.59\% | 3.44\% | 3.42\% | 3.18\% | FY20 (Estimated) | \$31.6 |
| Fed Funds Target Rate | 2.50\% | 2.00\% | 1.75\% | 0.25\% | 0.25\% |  |  |

HISTORICAL LOAN DISCOUNT BALANCE \& ACCRETION INCOME

(1) Fully tax equivalent using an effective tax rate of $26.135 \%$.
(2) Core loan yield and core net interest margin exclude accretion and are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

## Next Generation Bank Program



- Business-led, comprehensive IT initiative that is providing new systems and improved processes to help achieve Simmons' position as a banking leader
- NGB will occur primarily during 2019 and 2020


## WHY

- To remain competitive, we must enhance what our current systems and processes can provide - to our customers and our associates
- Approximately \$8 million of CapEx related to "NGB 2.0" in 2020
- Approximately $\$ 9$ million increase in 2020 IT OpEx compared to 2019 (full-year impact of NGB 1.0 and partial year of NGB 2.0)

- Allows better identification of opportunities for our customers and the ability to offer them proactively vs. waiting for our customer to ask for help
- Enhanced customer engagement and interaction across all channels, including digital
- Data will be more efficiently entered, accurate and accessible
- Many processes will be simplified and automated
- Intuitive access to information supporting quick, customer centric, profitable decisions
- Associates will have rewarding professional opportunities and internal support to grow alongside Simmons Bank


## Acquisitions Since 2013



1) Purchase price and ratios as of closed date. Source: S\&P Global Market Intelligence
(2) Metropolitan was acquired from Section 363 Bankruptcy.

## 111 Years of Consistent Dividend History


(1) Based on June 30,2020 closing stock price of $\$ 17.11$
(2) FY20 Q2 EPS of $\$ 0.54$.
(3) FY20 Q2 Core EPS of $\$ 0.55$, excludes non-core income and expense items and is a non-GAAP measurement. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

Note: The future payment of dividends is not guaranteed and is subject to various factors, including approval by the Company's board of directors.

## 1 Year Total Shareholder Return



Note: Based on June 30, 2020 closing stock price of \$17.11.
Source: S\&P Global Market Intelligence

## Long-term Shareholder Return



## Investment Profile



| KROLL BOND RATING AGENCY ${ }^{(4)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SIMMONS FIRST | SENIOR UNSECURED DEBT |  | SUBORDINATED DEBT | SHORT-TERM DEBT |  |
| CORPORATION | BBB+ |  | BBB | K2 |  |
| SIMMONS BANK | DEPOSIT | SENIOR UNSECURED DEBT | SUBORDINATED DEBT | SHORT-TERM DEPOSIT | SHORT-TERM DEBT |
|  | A- | A- | BBB+ | K2 | K2 |

Source: S\&P Global Market Intelligence

1) LTM Core EPS excludes non-core income and expense items and is a non-GAAP measurement. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations. Based upon the Company's average six analyst consensus EPS of $\$ 1.68$ for 2020 and $\$ 1.60$ for 2021.
(3) Tangible book value (which excludes goodwill and other intangible assets) is a non-GAAP measurement. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

The ratings provided by KBRA are subject to revision or withdrawal by KBRA at any time and are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold these securities. Each rating should be evaluated independently of any other rating.

## 2020 Strategy

## 2020 Strategy



## BRANDING PARTNERSHIPS

## Simmons Bank Open, Team Simmons \& Additional PGA Activation



A marquee showcase event, Simmons Bank Open, in Nashville, Tennessee. Tournament week includes substantial branding, Pro-Am outings and hospitality.

Team Simmons Bank is comprised of four Korn Ferry tour golfers. Braden Thornberry of Memphis, Tennessee; Dawson Armstrong of Nashville, Tennessee; Kevin Dougherty and Will Zalatoris, both of Dallas, Texas. Our agreement includes branding and client engagement events.
Additional Korn Ferry Tour and PGA TOUR hospitality tournament activations throughout the year.

## St. Louis Blues |St. Louis, Missouri



Our St. Louis market is excited to be a sponsor of the reigning 2019 Stanley Cup champions, the St. Louis Blues hockey team, during the 2019-2020 season. As a part of the sponsorship, Simmons Bank signage is featured throughout Enterprise Center during hockey games, as well as concerts and other events held at the venue.

With our expanded presence in the St. Louis market, we think this sponsorship is a wonderful avenue for us to further the Simmons Bank brand within the community. The team's recent championship win only adds to the value of this sponsorship.

## Dickies Arena: Simmons Bank Plaza \& Pavilion | Fort Worth, Texas



In October 2019, Simmons Bank became the naming rights holder to the Simmons Bank Plaza and Simmons Bank Pavilion at the newly constructed Dickies Arena, a 14,000-seat, multi-purpose venue in Fort Worth, Texas.
The Simmons Bank Plaza is an over 200,000-square-foot outdoor entertainment hub where fan festivals, outdoor concerts, pre-and post-show events, and more are held.
The Simmons Bank Pavilion is an indoor facility adjacent to the Plaza that hosts corporate and civic events.
Simmons became the official banking partner for Dickies Arena and a major sponsor of the Fort Worth Stock Show \& Rodeo, the oldest continuously running livestock show and rodeo, held annually since 1896. The Stock Show provides millions of dollars in grants and scholarships to support future leaders in agriculture and livestock management.

## Discovery Park: Exhibit \& Simmons Bank Ag Center | Union City, Tennessee

## 4T|"

In December 2019, Simmons Bank was announced as a major sponsor and partner for Discovery Park of America’s permanent exhibit, "AgriCulture: Innovating for Our Survival."

The exhibit is scheduled to open in fall 2020 in a 8,900-square-foot building to be named the Simmons Bank Ag Center.
Discovery Park of America is a world-class museum and 50-acre heritage park located in Union City, Tennessee, founded with a vision to support farmers and inspire the imaginations of children and adults.

With our deep roots in the west Tennessee, Mississippi Delta and a heritage of serving farmers for more than 100 years, Simmons Bank is honored to help bring this initiative to life.

## Simmons Bank Field | Pine Bluff, Arkansas



In 2018, Simmons announced a $\$ 2.5$ million gift to the University of Arkansas at Pine Bluff (UAPB) to fund athletics upgrades. Adding to our legacy of investing in our hometown and headquarters in Pine Bluff, Arkansas, the gift is the largest in UAPB history and funded a new football stadium scoreboard and 90,000-square-foot IRONTURF field, along with the completion of the baseball pavilion at the Torii Hunter Baseball and Softball Complex.

8


## Simmons Bank Arena | North Little Rock, Arkansas



In October 2019, Simmons acquired naming rights to Simmons Bank Arena in North Little Rock, Arkansas. The arena is a beacon for economic vitality and culture in our home state, all while being a destination for nearly 500,000 annual visitors. Simmons Bank Arena is ranked \#39 in the United States in ticket sales according to Pollstar. Additional sponsorship rights include two suites used for business development, early access ticket sales and a Simmons customer entrance.

## Simmons Tower | Little Rock, Arkansas



We have a multi-year arrangement with the building's owner for the tower signage and we continue to operate a branch bank in the lobby. Coupled with our River Market building and Simmons Bank Arena signage we effectively created a highly visible brand in downtown Little Rock.

## River Market Building | Little Rock, Arkansas



We were pleased to acquire this beautiful building in the heart of the vibrant city of Little Rock and make it a regional hub just an hour from our corporate headquarters in Pine Bluff. We continue to increase our banking operations in new areas of the country, and while we're now in seven states, many of our centralized services remain in Arkansas, where we were founded.

Amenities of a secured parking deck, wellness center, café providing multiple meal options for breakfast and lunch, and our beautiful park get the attention of potential associates and help solidify relationships with existing associates. The building's location is also convenient to entertainment and dining venues, nearby hotels and a short commute to the airport.

We wrapped the exterior of the building in 3,000 feet of LED lights. With more than 16 -million color combinations and the ability to program them every five inches, these lights can create dynamic color-changing effects, and they are environmentally friendly and energy efficient. We have used the lights to support causes such as Breast Cancer Awareness and Prostate Cancer Awareness, as well as celebrating various holidays, including the $4^{\text {th }}$ of July, Christmas, Valentines' Day and more.

APPENDIX

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

| \$ in thousands |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q1 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q2 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YTD } \\ & 2019 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YTD } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ | LTM |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Core Earnings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Income | \$ | 96,790 | \$ | 92,940 | \$ | 215,713 | \$ | 237,828 | \$ | 77,223 | \$ | 58,789 | \$ | 103,293 | \$ | 136,012 | \$ | 270,547 |
| Non-core items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gain on sale of banking operations |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(5,889)$ |  | $(2,204)$ |  | - |  | $(8,093)$ |  | $(8,093)$ |
| Gain from early retirement of TRUPS |  | (594) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Gain on sale of P\&C insurance business |  | - |  | $(3,708)$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Donation to Simmons Foundation |  | - |  | 5,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Merger related costs |  | 4,835 |  | 21,923 |  | 4,777 |  | 36,379 |  | 1,068 |  | 1,830 |  | 8,992 |  | 2,898 |  | 30,285 |
| Early Retirement Program |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 3,464 |  | - |  | 493 |  | 3,287 |  | 493 |  | 670 |
| Branch right sizing |  | 3,359 |  | 169 |  | 1,341 |  | 3,129 |  | 238 |  | 1,721 |  | 2,932 |  | 1,959 |  | 2,156 |
| Tax Effect ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | $(2,981)$ |  | $(8,746)$ |  | $(1,598)$ |  | $(11,234)$ |  | 1,198 |  | (482) |  | $(3,975)$ |  | 716 |  | $(6,543)$ |
| Net non-core items (before SAB 118 adjustment) |  | 4,619 |  | 14,638 |  | 4,520 |  | 31,738 |  | $(3,385)$ |  | 1,358 |  | 11,236 |  | $(2,027)$ |  | 18,475 |
| SAB 118 adjustment ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | - |  | 11,471 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Core earnings (non-GAAP) | \$ | 101,409 | \$ | 119,049 | \$ | 220,233 | \$ | 269,566 | \$ | 73,838 | \$ | 60,147 | \$ | 114,529 | \$ | 133,985 | \$ | 289,022 |

(1) Effective tax rate of $26.135 \%$ for $2018-2020$ and $39.225 \%$ for prior periods, adjusted for non-deductible merger-related costs and deferred tax items on $\mathrm{P} \& \mathrm{C}$ insurance sale.
(2) Tax adjustment to revalue deferred tax assets and liabilities to account for the future impact of lower corporate tax.

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

| \$ per Share | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q1 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q2 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { YTD } \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YTD } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ |  | LTM |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Diluted Earnings per Share (EPS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$ | 1.56 | \$ | 1.33 | \$ | 2.32 | \$ | 2.41 | \$ | 0.68 | \$ | 0.54 | \$ | 1.09 | \$ | 1.22 | \$ | 2.55 |
| Non-core items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gain on sale of banking operations |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | (0.05) |  | (0.02) |  | - |  | (0.07) |  | (0.07) |
| Gain from early retirement of TRUPS |  | (0.01) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Gain on sale of P\&C insurance business |  | - |  | (0.04) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Donation to Simmons Foundation |  | - |  | 0.07 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |
| Merger related costs |  | 0.08 |  | 0.31 |  | 0.05 |  | 0.37 |  | 0.01 |  | 0.02 |  | 0.10 |  | 0.03 |  | 0.30 |
| Early Retirement Program |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 0.03 |  | - |  | - |  | 0.03 |  | - |  | - |
| Branch right sizing |  | 0.06 |  | - |  | 0.02 |  | 0.03 |  | - |  | 0.02 |  | 0.03 |  | 0.02 |  | 0.02 |
| Tax effect ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | (0.05) |  | (0.13) |  | (0.02) |  | (0.11) |  | 0.01 |  | (0.01) |  | (0.04) |  | 0.01 |  | (0.07) |
| Net non-core items (before SAB 118 adjustment) |  | 0.08 |  | 0.21 |  | 0.05 |  | 0.32 |  | (0.03) |  | 0.01 |  | 0.12 |  | (0.01) |  | 0.18 |
| SAB 118 adjustment ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | - |  | 0.16 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Diluted core earnings per share (non-GAAP) | \$ | 1.64 | \$ | 1.70 | \$ | 2.37 | \$ | 2.73 | \$ | 0.65 | \$ | 0.55 | \$ | 1.21 | \$ | 1.21 | \$ | 2.73 |

(1) Effective tax rate of $26.135 \%$ for $2018-2020$ and $39.225 \%$ for prior periods, adjusted for non-deductible merger-related costs and deferred tax items on $\mathrm{P} \& \mathrm{C}$ insurance sale.
(2) Tax adjustment to revalue deferred tax assets and liabilities to account for the future impact of lower corporate tax.

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

| \$ in thousands | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q1 } \\ 2020 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q2 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { YTD } \\ 2019 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YTD } \\ & 2020 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Core Return on Average Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income available to common stockholders | \$ | 96,790 | \$ | 92,940 | \$ | 215,713 | \$ | 237,828 | \$ | 77,223 | \$ | 58,789 | \$ | 103,293 | \$ | 136,012 |
| Net non-core items, net of taxes, adjustment (non-GAAP) |  | 4,619 |  | 26,109 |  | 4,520 |  | 31,738 |  | $(3,385)$ |  | 1,358 |  | 11,236 |  | $(2,027)$ |
| Core earnings (non-GAAP) | \$ | 101,409 | \$ | 119,049 | \$ | 220,233 | \$ | 269,566 | \$ | 73,838 | \$ | 60,147 | \$ | 114,529 | \$ | 133,985 |
| Average total assets | \$ | 7,760,233 | \$ | 10,074,951 | \$ | 15,771,362 | \$ | 17,871,748 | \$ | 20,920,223 | \$ | 21,822,273 | \$ | 16,845,528 | \$ | 21,371,248 |
| Return on average assets |  | 1.25\% |  | 0.92\% |  | 1.37\% |  | 1.33\% |  | 1.48\% |  | 1.08\% |  | 1.24\% |  | 1.28\% |
| Core return on average assets (non-GAAP) |  | 1.31\% |  | 1.18\% |  | 1.40\% |  | 1.51\% |  | 1.42\% |  | 1.11\% |  | 1.37\% |  | 1.26\% |
| Calculation of Return on Tangible Common Equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income available to common stockholders | \$ | 96,790 | \$ | 92,940 | \$ | 215,713 | \$ | 237,828 | \$ | 77,223 | \$ | 58,789 | \$ | 103,293 | \$ | 136,012 |
| Amortization of intangibles, net of taxes |  | 3,611 |  | 4,659 |  | 8,132 |  | 8,720 |  | 2,521 |  | 2,489 |  | 4,128 |  | 5,010 |
| Total income available to common stockholders (non-GAAP) | \$ | 100,401 | \$ | 97,599 | \$ | 223,845 | \$ | 246,548 | \$ | 79,744 | \$ | 61,278 | \$ | 107,421 | \$ | 141,022 |
| Net non-core items, net of taxes (non-GAAP) |  | 4,619 |  | 26,109 |  | 4,520 |  | 31,738 |  | $(3,385)$ |  | 1,358 |  | 11,236 |  | $(2,027)$ |
| Core earnings (non-GAAP) |  | 101,409 |  | 119,049 |  | 220,233 |  | 269,566 |  | 73,838 |  | 60,147 |  | 114,529 |  | 133,985 |
| Amortization of intangibles, net of taxes |  | 3,611 |  | 4,659 |  | 8,132 |  | 8,720 |  | 2,521 |  | 2,489 |  | 4,128 |  | 5,010 |
| Total core income available to common stockholders (non-GAAP) | \$ | 105,020 | \$ | 123,708 | \$ | 228,365 | \$ | 278,286 | \$ | 76,359 | \$ | 62,636 | \$ | 118,657 | \$ | 138,995 |
| Average common stockholders' equity | \$ | 1,105,775 | \$ | 1,390,815 | \$ | 2,157,097 | \$ | 2,396,024 | \$ | 2,869,177 | \$ | 2,879,337 | \$ | 2,300,535 | \$ | 2,894,351 |
| Average intangible assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill |  | $(332,974)$ |  | $(455,453)$ |  | $(845,308)$ |  | $(921,635)$ |  | $(1,055,498)$ |  | $(1,064,955)$ |  | $(880,759)$ |  | $(1,060,226)$ |
| Other intangibles |  | $(51,710)$ |  | $(68,896)$ |  | $(97,820)$ |  | $(104,000)$ |  | $(125,746)$ |  | $(120,111)$ |  | $(97,221)$ |  | $(122,928)$ |
| Total average intangibles |  | $(384,684)$ |  | $(524,349)$ |  | $(943,128)$ |  | $(1,025,635)$ |  | $(1,181,244)$ |  | $(1,185,066)$ |  | (977,980) |  | $(1,183,154)$ |
| Average tangible common stockholders' equity (non-GAAP) | \$ | 721,091 | \$ | 866,466 | \$ | 1,213,969 | \$ | 1,370,389 | \$ | 1,687,933 | \$ | 1,694,271 | \$ | 1,322,555 | \$ | 1,711,197 |
| Return on average common equity |  | 8.75\% |  | 6.68\% |  | 10.00\% |  | 9.93\% |  | 10.83\% |  | 8.21\% |  | 9.05\% |  | 9.45\% |
| Return on tangible common equity (non-GAAP) |  | 13.92\% |  | 11.26\% |  | 18.44\% |  | 17.99\% |  | 19.00\% |  | 14.55\% |  | 16.38\% |  | 16.57\% |
| Core return on average common equity ( $n$ ( ${ }^{\text {-GAAP) }}$ |  | 9.17\% |  | 8.56\% |  | 10.21\% |  | 11.25\% |  | 10.35\% |  | 8.40\% |  | 10.04\% |  | 9.31\% |
| Core return on tangible common equity (non-GAAP) |  | 14.56\% |  | 14.28\% |  | 18.81\% |  | 20.31\% |  | 18.19\% |  | 14.87\% |  | 18.09\% |  | 16.33\% |

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

| S in thousands | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YTD } \\ & 2020 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Non-interest Income to Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Interest Income | \$ | 279,206 | \$ | 354,930 | \$ | 552,552 | \$ | 601,753 | \$ | 331,164 |
| Non-interest income |  | 139,382 |  | 138,765 |  | 143,896 |  | 205,031 |  | 132,621 |
| Total Revenue (GAAP) | \$ | 418,588 | \$ | 493,695 | \$ | 696,448 | \$ | 806,784 | \$ | 463,785 |
| Non-interest Income (GAAP) | \$ | 139,382 | \$ | 138,765 | \$ | 143,896 | \$ | 205,031 | \$ | 132,621 |
| Non-core Items (non-GAAP) |  | (835) |  | $(3,972)$ |  | - |  | - |  | $(8,093)$ |
| Core Non-interest Income (non-GAAP) | \$ | 138,547 | \$ | 134,793 | \$ | 143,896 | \$ | 205,031 | \$ | 124,528 |
| Net Interest Income | \$ | 279,206 | \$ | 354,930 | \$ | 552,552 | \$ | 601,753 | \$ | 331,164 |
| Core Non-interest Income (non-GAAP) |  | 138,547 |  | 134,793 |  | 143,896 |  | 205,031 |  | 124,528 |
| Core Total Revenue (non-GAAP) | \$ | 417,753 | \$ | 489,723 | \$ | 696,448 | \$ | 806,784 | \$ | 455,692 |
| Non-interest Income / Revenue (GAAP) |  | 33.3\% |  | 28.1\% |  | 20.7\% |  | 25.4\% |  | 28.6\% |
| Core Non-interest Income / Revenue (non-GAAP) |  | 33.2\% |  | 27.5\% |  | 20.7\% |  | 25.4\% |  | 27.3\% |

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

| \$ in thousands | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q1 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q2 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { YTD } \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YTD } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Efficiency Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-interest expense | \$ | 255,085 | \$ | 312,379 | \$ | 392,229 | \$ | 461,112 | \$ | 125,813 | \$ | 112,598 | \$ | 212,152 | \$ | 238,411 |
| Non-core non-interest expense adjustment |  | $(8,435)$ |  | $(27,357)$ |  | $(6,118)$ |  | $(42,972)$ |  | $(1,306)$ |  | $(4,044)$ |  | $(15,211)$ |  | $(5,350)$ |
| Other real estate and foreclosure expense adjustment |  | $(4,389)$ |  | $(3,042)$ |  | $(4,240)$ |  | $(3,282)$ |  | (319) |  | (242) |  | $(1,162)$ |  | (561) |
| Amortization of intangibles adjustment |  | $(5,942)$ |  | $(7,666)$ |  | $(11,009)$ |  | $(11,805)$ |  | $(3,413)$ |  | $(3,369)$ |  | $(5,588)$ |  | $(6,782)$ |
| Efficiency ratio numerator | \$ | 236,319 | \$ | 274,314 | \$ | 370,862 | \$ | 403,053 | \$ | 120,775 | \$ | 104,943 | \$ | 190,191 | \$ | 225,718 |
| Net-interest income | \$ | 279,206 | \$ | 354,930 | \$ | 552,552 | \$ | 605,275 | \$ | 167,483 | \$ | 163,681 | \$ | 285,423 | \$ | 331,164 |
| Non-interest income |  | 139,382 |  | 138,765 |  | 143,896 |  | 201,509 |  | 82,394 |  | 50,227 |  | 74,726 |  | 132,621 |
| Non-core non-interest income adjustment |  | (835) |  | $(3,972)$ |  | - |  | - |  | $(5,889)$ |  | $(2,204)$ |  | - |  | $(8,093)$ |
| Fully tax-equivalent adjustment |  | 7,722 |  | 7,723 |  | 5,297 |  | 7,322 |  | 2,305 |  | 2,350 |  | 3,307 |  | 4,655 |
| (Gain) loss on sale of securities |  | $(5,848)$ |  | $(1,059)$ |  | (61) |  | $(13,314)$ |  | $(32,095)$ |  | (390) |  | $(5,563)$ |  | $(32,485)$ |
| Efficiency ratio denominator | \$ | 419,627 | \$ | 496,387 | \$ | 701,684 | \$ | 800,792 | \$ | 214,198 | \$ | 213,664 | \$ | 357,893 | \$ | 427,862 |
| Efficiency ratio ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 56.32\% |  | 55.27\% |  | 52.85\% |  | 50.33\% |  | 56.38\% |  | 49.12\% |  | 53.14\% |  | 52.75\% |

1) Efficiency ratio is core non-interest expense before foreclosed property expense and amortization of intangibles as a percent of net interest income (fully taxable equivalent) and noninterest revenues, excluding gains and losses from securities transactions and non-core items.

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

| \$ in thousands, except per share and share count |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q1 } \\ 2020 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q2 } \\ 2020 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YTD } \\ & 2019 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YTD } \\ & 2020 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Core Net Interest Margin |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest income | \$ | 279,206 | \$ | 354,930 | \$ | 552,552 | \$ | 601,753 | \$ | 167,483 | \$ | 163,681 | \$ | 285,423 | \$ | 331,164 |
| Fully tax-equivalent adjustment |  | 7,722 |  | 7,723 |  | 5,297 |  | 7,322 |  | 2,305 |  | 2,350 |  | 3,307 |  | 4,655 |
| Fully tax-equivalent net interest income |  | 286,928 |  | 362,653 |  | 557,849 |  | 612,597 |  | 169,788 |  | 166,031 |  | 288,730 |  | 335,819 |
| Total accretable yield |  | $(24,257)$ |  | $(27,793)$ |  | $(35,263)$ |  | $(41,244)$ |  | $(11,837)$ |  | $(11,723)$ |  | $(16,822)$ |  | $(23,560)$ |
| Core net interest income (non-GAAP) | \$ | 262,671 | \$ | 334,860 | \$ | 522,586 | \$ | 571,353 | \$ | 157,951 | \$ | 154,308 | \$ | 271,908 | \$ | 312,259 |
| PPP loan and excess liquidity interest income (non-GAAP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(5,623)$ |  |  |  |  |
| Core net interest adjusted for PPP loans and liquidity (non-GAAP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 148,685 |  |  |  |  |
| Average earning assets | \$ | 6,855,322 | \$ | 8,908,418 | \$ | 14,036,614 | \$ | 15,824,571 | \$ | 18,581,491 | \$ | 19,517,475 |  | 14,917,493 | \$ | 19,049,487 |
| Average PPP Ioan balance and excess liquidty |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(2,071,411)$ |  |  |  |  |
| Average earning assets adjusted for PPL loans and liquidity (non-GAAP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\underline{ }$ |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest margin |  | 4.19\% |  | 4.07\% |  | 3.97\% |  | 3.85\% |  | 3.68\% |  | 3.42\% |  | 3.90\% |  | 3.55\% |
| Core net interest margin (non-GAAP) |  | 3.83\% |  | 3.76\% |  | 3.72\% |  | 3.59\% |  | 3.42\% |  | 3.18\% |  | 3.68\% |  | 3.30\% |
| Core net interest margin adjusted for PPP loans and liquidity (non-GAAP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.43\% |  |  |  |  |

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

| \$ in thousands, except per share and share count |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Book Value and Tangible Book Value per Share |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total common stockholders' equity | \$ | 1,151,111 | \$ | 2,084,564 | \$ | 2,246,434 | \$ | 2,988,157 | \$ | \$ 2,903,936 |
| Intangible assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill |  | $(348,505)$ |  | $(842,651)$ |  | $(845,687)$ |  | $(1,055,520)$ |  | 64,765) |
| Other intangible assets |  | $(52,959)$ |  | $(106,071)$ |  | $(91,334)$ |  | $(127,340)$ |  | (17,823) |
| Total intangibles |  |  | $(401,464)$ |  | $(948,722)$ |  | $(937,021)$ |  | $(1,182,860)$ |  | 2,588) |
| Tangible common stockholders' equity (non-GAAP) | \$ | 749,647 | \$ | 1,135,842 | \$ | 1,309,413 | \$ | 1,805,297 | \$ | 21,348 |
| Shares of common stock outstanding | 62,555,446 |  | 92,029,118 |  | 92,347,643 |  | 113,628,601 |  | 108,994,389 |  |
| Book value per common share | \$ | 18.40 | \$ | 22.65 | \$ | 24.33 | \$ | 26.30 | \$ | 26.64 |
| Tangible book value per common share (non-GAAP) | \$ | 11.98 | \$ | 12.34 | \$ | 14.18 | \$ | 15.89 | \$ | 15.79 |
| Stock Price as of June 30, 2020 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 17.11 |
| Price / Book Value per Share |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.64 x |
| Price / Tangible Book Value per Share (non-GAAP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.08 x |

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Sin thousands \& $$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Q2 } \\
2019
\end{gathered}
$$ \& $$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Q3 } \\
2019
\end{gathered}
$$ \& $$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Q4 } \\
2019
\end{gathered}
$$ \& $$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Q1 } \\
2020
\end{gathered}
$$ \& $$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Q2 } \\
2020 \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
$$ <br>
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{Calculation of Core Loan Yield} <br>
\hline Loan interest income (FTE) Total accretable yield \& \$

$(10,162)$ \& $$
\begin{gathered}
179,971 \\
(9,322)
\end{gathered}
$$ \& $\$ \quad 193,402$

$(15,100)$ \& \$ $\quad 187,566$
$(11,837)$ \& $\$ \quad 177,168$
$(11,723)$ <br>
\hline Core loan interest income (non-GAAP) \& 167,960 \& 170,649 \& 178,302 \& 175,729 \& 165,445 <br>

\hline | PPP Ioan interest income |
| :--- |
| Core loan interest income without PPP loans (non-GAAP) | \& \& \& \& \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
(3,733) \\
161,712
\end{gathered}
$$
\] <br>

\hline | Average loan balance |
| :--- |
| Average PPP Ioan balance (non-GAAP) |
| Core loan interest income without PPP loans (non-GAAP) | \& 12,814,386 \& 13,053,540 \& 14,144,703 \& 14,548,853 \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
14,731,306 \\
(645,172) \\
14,086,134
\end{gathered}
$$
\] <br>

\hline | Core loan yield (non-GAAP) |
| :--- |
| Core loan yield without PPP loans (non-GAAP) | \& 5.26\% \& 5.19\% \& 5.00\% \& 4.86\% \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4.52 \% \\
& 4.62 \%
\end{aligned}
$$
\] <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations



## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

|  | Q2 |
| :--- | ---: |
| \$ in thousands | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ |
| Calculation of ACL / Loans (exluding PPP Loans) | $\mathbf{1 4 , 6 0 6 , 9 0 0}$ |
| Total loans | 231,643 |
| Allowance for credit losses on loans | $1.59 \%$ |
| ACL / Loans | $14,606,900$ |
| Total loans | 963,700 |
| PPP Loans | $13,643,200$ |
| Total loans, excluding PPP Loans (non-GAAP) | 231,643 |
| Allowance for credit losses on loans | $1.70 \%$ |

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

| \$ in thousands |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q2 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Regulatory Tier 1 Leverage Ratio Less Average PPP Loans |  |  |
| Total Tier 1 capital | \$ | 1,820,488 |
| Adjusted average assets for leverage ratio | \$ | 20,742,824 |
| Average PPP loans |  | $(645,172)$ |
| Adjusted average assets less average PPP loans (non-GAAP) | \$ | 20,097,652 |
| Tier 1 leverage ratio |  | 8.78\% |
| Tier 1 leverage ratio less average PPP loans (non-GAAP) |  | 9.06\% |


[^0]:    (1) Figures excluding PPP loans are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

[^1]:    Note: Core figures exclude non-core income and expense items (e.g., early retirement program costs, gain on early retirement of trust preferred securities, gain on sale of branches, gain on sale

[^2]:    6
    As of June 30,2020 , unless otherwise noted.
    Includes Illinois branches.
    Includes credit card, indirect lending, and equipment finance (nationwide).
    Source: S\&P Global Market Intelligence SNL US Bank Index (data for FY20 Q2 currently unavailable), except for FY20 Q1 and "SFNC, excluding credit card net-charge offs" figures obtained from internal sources.

