## $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter 2020 Investor Presentation

NASDAQ: SFNC

## Forward-Looking Statements and Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Forward-Looking Statements. Certain statements by Simmons First National Corporation (the "Company", which where appropriate includes the Company's wholly-owned banking subsidiary, Simmons Bank) contained in this presentation may not be based on historical facts and should be considered "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements may be identified by reference to a future period(s) or by the use of forward-looking terminology, such as "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "foresee," "may," "might," "will," "would," "could," "likely" or "intend," future or conditional verb tenses, and variations or negatives of such terms. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, those relating to the Company's future growth; revenue; expenses (including interest expense and non-interest expenses); assets; asset quality; profitability; earnings; critical accounting policies; accretion; net interest margin; non-interest revenue; market conditions related to and impact of the Company's common stock repurchase program; adequacy of the allowance for loan losses; income tax deductions; credit quality; level of credit losses from lending commitments; net interest revenue; interest rate sensitivity; loan loss experience; liquidity; capital resources; market risk; the expected benefits, milestones, or costs associated with the Company's acquisition strategy and Next Generation Bank Program; the Company's ability to recruit and retain key employees; the ability of the Company to manage the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic; legal and regulatory limitations and compliance and competition; anticipated loan principal reductions; fees associated with the Paycheck Protection Program; plans for investments in securities; statements under the caption "Management's Outlook" on slides 22 and 23; the charges and savings associated with completed and future branch closures; expectations and projections regarding the Company's COVID-19 loan modification program; and projected dividends.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation in that actual results could differ materially from those indicated in such forward-looking statements, due to a variety of factors. These factors include, but are not limited to, changes in the Company's operating or expansion strategy; the availability of and costs associated with obtaining adequate and timely sources of liquidity; the ability to maintain credit quality; the effect of steps the Company takes in response to the COVID-19 pandemic; the severity and duration of the pandemic, including whether there is a widespread resurgence in COVID-19 infections combined with the seasonal flu; the pace of recovery when the pandemic subsides and the heightened impact it has on many of the risks described herein; the effects of the pandemic on, among other things, the Company's operations, liquidity, and credit quality; general market and economic conditions; unemployment; possible adverse rulings, judgments, settlements and other outcomes of pending or future litigation (including litigation arising from the Company's participation in and administration of programs related to the COVID-19 pandemic (including PPP loan program authorized by the CARES Act)); the ability of the Company to collect amounts due under loan agreements; changes in consumer preferences and loan demand; effectiveness of the Company's interest rate risk management strategies; laws and regulations affecting financial institutions in general or relating to taxes; the effect of pending or future legislation; the ability of the Company to repurchase its common stock on favorable terms; the ability of the Company to successfully implement its acquisition strategy; changes in interest rates, deposit flows, real estate values, and capital markets; inflation; customer acceptance of the Company's products and services; changes or disruptions in technology and IT systems (including cyber threats, attacks and events); changes in accounting principles relating to loan loss recognition (current expected credit losses, or CECL); the benefits associated with the Company's early retirement program and completed and future branch closures; and other risk factors. Other relevant risk factors may be detailed from time to time in the Company's press releases and filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, including, without limitation, the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, and its Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2020. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date of this Report, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that occur after the date of this Report. Annualized, pro forma, projected and estimated numbers are used for illustrative purpose only, are not forecasts and may not reflect actual results.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures. This document contains financial information determined by methods other than in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Company's management uses these non-GAAP financial measures in their analysis of the company's performance. These measures adjust GAAP performance measures to, among other things, include the tax benefit associated with revenue items that are tax-exempt, as well as exclude from income available to common shareholders certain expenses related to significant non-core activities, such as merger-related expenses, expenses related to the Company's early retirement program, gain on sale of branches, and net branch right-sizing expenses. In addition, the Company also presents certain figures based on tangible common stockholders' equity and tangible book value, which exclude goodwill and other intangible assets. The Company further presents certain figures that are exclusive of PPP loans. The Company's management believes that these non-GAAP financial measure are useful to investors because they, among other things, present the results of the Company's ongoing operations without the effect of mergers or other items not central to the Company's ongoing business, as well as normalizing for tax effects. Management, therefore, believes presentations of these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful supplemental information that is essential to a proper understanding of the operating results of the Company's core businesses. These non-GAAP disclosures should not be viewed as a substitute for operating results determined in accordance with GAAP, nor are they necessarily comparable to non-GAAP performance measures that may be presented by other companies. Where non-GAAP financial measures are used, the comparable GAAP financial measure, as well as the reconciliation to the comparable GAAP financial measure, can be found in the appendix to this presentation.

## LOAN PORTFOLIO AND ASSET QUALITY

## Loans - Including PPP Loans

as of September 30, 2020

| \$ in millions | Balance \$ | \% of <br> Total <br> Loans | Classified \$ | Non-performing \$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ACL } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | $\qquad$ | Unfunded Commitment Reserve |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Total Loan Portfolio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumer - Credit Card | 173 | 1\% | - | - | 4.8\% | - |  |
| Consumer - Other | 191 | 1\% | 2 | 1 | 3.6\% | 19 |  |
| Real Estate - Construction | 1,853 | 13\% | 5 | 4 | 2.0\% | 823 |  |
| Real Estate - Commercial | 6,133 | 44\% | 188 | 81 | 2.2\% | 277 |  |
| Real Estate - Single-family | 1,997 | 14\% | 39 | 33 | 0.8\% | 231 |  |
| Commercial | 2,908 | 21\% | 88 | 50 | 1.6\% | 930 |  |
| Agriculture | 242 | 2\% | 1 | 1 | 0.4\% | 66 |  |
| Other | 521 | 4\% | 17 | - | 0.3\% | 2 |  |
| Total Loan Portfolio | 14,017 | 100\% | 340 | 170 | 1.8\% | 2,348 | 1.0\% |


| Select Loan Categories |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Retail | 1,354 | 10\% | 35 | 2 | 3.6\% | 105 |
| Nursing / Extended Care | 442 | 3\% | - | - | 1.1\% | 85 |
| Healthcare | 638 | 5\% | 14 | 3 | 1.3\% | 98 |
| Multifamily | 810 | 6\% | 41 | 19 | 1.1\% | 105 |
| Hotel | 1,016 | 7\% | 51 | 33 | 4.1\% | 46 |
| Restaurant | 527 | 4\% | 4 | 3 | 3.6\% | 14 |
| Energy Loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Upstream | 219 | 2\% | 28 | 9 | 8.2\% | 51 |
| Midstream | 42 | 0\% | 17 | 17 | 24.0\% | 5 |
| Services | 12 | 0\% | 1 | - | 0.9\% | 1 |
| Total Energy | 273 | 2\% | 46 | 27 | 18.3\% | 57 |

## Loans - Excluding PPP Loans

as of September 30, 2020

| millions | Balance $\$$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \% of } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | Classified | Non-performing $\$$ | ACL | Unfunded Commitment | Unfunded Commitment Reserve |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ |  | \$ | \$ |  |  | Reserve |


| Total Loan Portfolio ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumer - Credit Card | 173 | 1\% | - | - | 4.8\% | - |  |
| Consumer - Other | 191 | 1\% | 2 | 1 | 3.6\% | 19 |  |
| Real Estate - Construction | 1,853 | 14\% | 5 | 4 | 2.0\% | 823 |  |
| Real Estate - Commercial | 6,133 | 47\% | 188 | 81 | 2.2\% | 277 |  |
| Real Estate - Single-family | 1,997 | 15\% | 39 | 33 | 0.8\% | 231 |  |
| Commercial | 1,937 | 15\% | 88 | 50 | 2.3\% | 930 |  |
| Agriculture | 242 | 2\% | 1 | 1 | 0.4\% | 66 |  |
| Other | 521 | 4\% | 17 | - | 0.4\% | 2 |  |
| Total Loan Portfolio | 13,047 | 100\% | 340 | 170 | 1.9\% | 2,348 | 1.0\% |
| Select Loan Categories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail | 1,319 | 10\% | 35 | 2 | 3.6\% | 105 |  |
| Nursing / Extended Care | 424 | 3\% | - | - | 1.1\% | 85 |  |
| Healthcare | 513 | 4\% | 14 | 3 | 1.6\% | 98 |  |
| Multifamily | 808 | 6\% | 41 | 19 | 1.1\% | 105 |  |
| Hotel | 994 | 8\% | 51 | 33 | 4.1\% | 46 |  |
| Restaurant | 415 | 3\% | 4 | 3 | 3.8\% | 14 |  |
| Energy Loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Upstream | 205 | 2\% | 28 | 9 | 8.3\% | 51 |  |
| Midstream | 42 | 0\% | 17 | 17 | 24.3\% | 5 |  |
| Services | 9 | 0\% | 1 | - | 1.2\% | 1 |  |
| Total Energy | 256 | 2\% | 46 | 27 | 19.5\% | 57 |  |

1) All PPP loans were categorized as commercial

## COVID-19 Loan Modifications Update

## as of October 13, 2020

| By Internal COVID-19 Status Category | \# of <br> Loans | Loan Balance (\$ in millions) | $\begin{gathered} \% \text { of } \\ \text { Total } \\ \text { Loan Portfolio } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Internal Status Category 1-3 <br> Expect to revert to prior repayment terms in less than 30 days | 424 | \$431 | 3.1\% |
| Internal Status Category 1-3 <br> Expect to revert to prior repayment terms in more than 30 days | 93 | \$165 | 1.2\% |
| Internal Status Category 4 | 105 | \$337 | 2.4\% |
| Internal Status Category 5 | 71 | \$195 | 1.4\% |
| Internal Status Category 6 | 44 | \$17 | 0.1\% |
| Internal Status Category 7 | 8 | \$2 | 0.0\% |

## Internal COVID-19 Status Categories ${ }^{(1)}$

Categories 1 - 3: Borrower still in modification, but expect to revert to prior repayment terms at the end of the modification period.

Category 4: Borrower still in modification, and expected to need an additional modification. Projections show return to original terms, but not at end of 6 months. Guarantors and Collateral fully support the credit.

Category 5: Financial projections do not support return to regular payments OR collateral deterioration is likely, which would not fully support the credit. Guarantors are engaged and cooperative.

Category 6: Financial projections do not support return to regular payments AND collateral deterioration is likely, which would not fully support the credit. Guarantors are engaged and cooperative.

Category 7: Financial projections do not support return to regular payments OR collateral deterioration is likely, which would not fully support the credit. Guarantors lack capacity and are unwilling / unable to develop new operating strategy.

## Internal COVID-19 Status Category of 4 through 7

| By Loan Type | \# of <br> Loans | Loan <br> Balance <br> (\$ in millions) | \% of <br> Loan <br> Balance | \% of <br> Total <br> Loan Portfolio |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hotels | 47 | $\$ 320$ | $58.1 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ |
| Restaurants - Real Estate | 13 | 7 | $1.3 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ |
| Restaurants - Non-Real Estate | 7 | 2 | $0.4 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Retail | 16 | 16 | $2.9 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ |
| Nursing/Extended Care | 3 | 43 | $7.8 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ |
| Multifamily | 5 | 62 | $11.3 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ |
| All Other | 137 | 101 | $18.3 \%$ | $0.7 \%$ |
| Total | 228 | $\$ 551$ | $100.0 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ |

> Management and
> loan officers' focus
(1) Internal COVID-19 Loan Status Categories are internal status categories that the Company uses in connection with its COVID-19 loan modification program. These categories were developed for the Company's internal
purposes only, are not required by any law or regulation that applies to the Company, and are not a substitute or replacement for loan risk ratings used by the Company under generally accepted accounting principles. The Company's internal status categories for its COVID-19 loan modification program may not be comparable to similar status codes or classifications used by other companies. The Company undertakes no obligation to disclose information about the Company's internal COVID-19 status categories as of any future date or for any future period and undertakes no obligation to disclose any future changes to the internal status categories that the Company may use in connection with its COVID-19 loan modification program.

## Energy Lending Update - Excluding PPP Loans ${ }^{(1)}$

Outstanding Balance as of September 30, 2020

## Principal Reductions:

- Q1-20 \$78 million
- Q2-20 \$83 million
- Q3-20 \$42 million
- Anticipated for the balance of 2020:
- Q4 $\$ 99$ million

By Industry Sector


## Energy Shared National Credits:

- \$44 million or $17 \%$ of outstanding energy Ioan balances
- \$35 million unfunded commitments
- Bakken, North Dakota
- SCOOP, Oklahoma
- STACK, NW OK
- SCOOP/STACK/UTICA/M ARCELLUS
- Powder River, Wyoming
- DJ Basin, Colorado
- Eagle Ford \& E. Texas
- All others
\$256 million or 2.0\% of Total Loan Portfolio
(1) Excludes $\$ 17$ million of PPP loans to energy customers, as these loans are $100 \%$ government guaranteed under the SBA PPP Program.


## PPP Loans

as of September 30, 2020

## Simmons' PPP Loan Portfolio

- PPP Loans are assigned a risk weighting of zero percent
- Average Ioan amount \$118,000
- Smallest loan amount \$195
- Loan yield $2.37 \%$ for third quarter 2020 (includes amortization of SBA fee income net of expenses)

U.S. Small Business

Administration

## Paycheck Protection Program

An SBA loan that helps businesses keep their workforce employed during the Coronavirus (COVID19) crisis.

## Simmons' PPP Loan Portfolio as of September 30, 2020

| Loan Balance | Loan Balance (\$ in millions) |  | \# of Loans |  | Interest Rate | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SBA } \\ & \text { Fee } \end{aligned}$ | Estimated SBA Fee \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$50,000 or less | \$ 94 | 10\% | 5,216 | 63\% | 1.00\% | 5.00\% | \$ 4.7 |
| Over \$50,000 to \$350,000 | 304 | 31\% | 2,441 | 30\% | 1.00\% | 5.00\% | 15.3 |
| Over \$350,000 to Less than \$2 million | 358 | 37\% | 481 | 6\% | 1.00\% | 3.00\% | 10.7 |
| \$2 to \$10 Million | 213 | 22\% | 61 | 1\% | 1.00\% | 1.00\% | 2.1 |
| Total | \$ 970 | 100\% | 8,199 | 100\% | 1.00\% | 1.00\% | \$ 32.8 |

## Credit Quality

```
$ in millions
```



Source: S\&P Global Market Intelligence for the metrics for 2013-2019 (which metrics are as of December 31 of the relevant year)

## Allowance for Credit Losses (ACL)

## \$ in millions



| CECL Adoption (Day 1 adjustment) | 01/01/20 |
| :---: | :---: |
| ACL Loans | \$ 146.1 |
| PCD Loan discount reclassed to ACL | 5.4 |
| ACL Securities | 0.7 |
| Unfunded commitment reserve | 24.0 |
| Total CECL Day 1 adjustment | \$ 176.2 |
| Retrospective equity adjustment | \$ 128.1 |
| Loan Discount not associated with loan coverage (Deferred Revenue) |  |
| 12/31/19 | \$ 0 |
| 01/01/20, CECL adoption | 81.8 |
| 03/31/20 | 69.2 |
| 06/30/20 | 58.2 |
| 09/30/20 | \$ 49.1 |
| 2020 Scheduled Loan Discount Accretion: |  |
| Q1 [Actual] | \$ 11.8 |
| Q2 [Actual] | 11.7 |
| Q3 [Actual] | 8.9 |
| Q4 [Estimated] | \$ 3.4 |

## ACL Methodology as of $9 / 30 / 20$ :

- Quantitative allocation: 0.91\%

Moody's scenarios with management's weighting was: S1 (16\%) / Baseline (66\%) / S2 (18\%)

- Qualitative allocation: 0.86\%
- Total ACL / Loans: 1.77\%

CECL = Current Expected Credit Losses methodology for estimating ACL
ACL = Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans
PCD $=$ Purchased Credit-Deteriorated Financial Assets
(1) Figures excluding PPP loans are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

## Credit Quality - Acquired Loans

## \$ in millions

## Loans underwritten by acquired banks

| Acquired Bank | Year Acquired | Loans <br> Balance <br> Acquired | "Day 1" Loan Fair Value Discount $\$$ | ```"Day 1" Loan Fair Value Discount %``` | Gross Charge-offs amount since acquired ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ | Gross Charge-offs \% since acquired ${ }^{(1)}$ | Accretion Income since Acquired ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Metropolitan | 2013 | \$494 | (\$37) | 7.6\% | \$10 | 2.0\% | \$37 |
| Delta Trust | 2014 | 327 | (15) | 4.6\% | 7 | 2.0\% | 15 |
| First State/Liberty Bank | 2015 | 1,954 | (37) | 1.9\% | 28 | 1.4\% | 34 |
| Citizens Bank | 2016 | 350 | (10) | 2.7\% | 3 | 0.9\% | 9 |
| First South Bank | 2017 | 258 | (6) | 2.3\% | 1 | 0.4\% | 6 |
| Bank SNB | 2017 | 2,040 | (43) | 2.1\% | 35 | 1.7\% | 38 |
| Southwest Bank | 2017 | 2,246 | (38) | 1.7\% | 24 | 1.1\% | 30 |
| Reliance Bank | 2019 | 1,139 | (42) | 3.7\% | 1 | 0.1\% | 29 |
| Landmark Bank | 2019 | 2,049 | (43) | 2.1\% | 4 | 0.2\% | 25 |
| Totals |  | \$10,857 | (\$271) | 2.5\% | \$113 | 1.0\% | \$223 |

## Acquired Loans

"Day 1" Loan Discount as a \% Loans acquired:
2.5\%

Charge-off \% since acquisition:
1.0\%

Gross Charge-offs from 1/1/13 through 9/30/20

|  | Gross Charge-offs |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acquired Loans | \$113 | 48\% | Average Quarterly Credit Card Portfolio charge-off ratio ${ }^{(3)}$ : |
| Previously Acquired Failed Banks | 17 | 7\% | 1.5\% |
| Credit Card Portfolio | 29 | 12\% |  |
| "Simmons Legacy" originated loans | 75 | 32\% | Average Quarterly "Simmons Legacy" Charge-off Ratio (4): |
| Totals | \$234 | 100\% |  |

(1) As of $9 / 30 / 20$
(2) Gross charge-offs do not include recoveries
(3) Average quarterly Credit Card charge-off ratio for the period 1/1/13 through 9/30/20
(4) Average quarterly "Simmons Legacy" charge-off ratio excludes acquired loans and credit cards for the period $1 / 1 / 13$ through 12/31/19 (pre-CECL implementation)

## CAPITAL, DEPOSITS, LIQUDITY AND INVESTMENTS

## Capital

| Capital Ratios |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ in millions | Total Commo Equity |  | Common Equity to Assets | Tangible Commo Equity |  | Tangible Common Equity to <br> Tangible Assets ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| As of 12/31/19 | \$ | 2,988 | 14.06\% | \$ | 1,805 | 8.99\% |
| As of 01/01/20, with CECL Day 1 adjustment |  | 2,861 | 13.46\% |  | 1,678 | 8.36\% |
| As of 03/31/20 |  | 2,845 | 13.65\% |  | 1,658 | 8.44\% |
| As of 06/30/20 |  | 2,905 | 13.26\% |  | 1,721 | 8.31\% |
| As of 09/30/20 | \$ | 2,941 | 13.72\% | \$ | 1,752 | 8.65\% |

Regulatory Capital Ratios

| \$ in millions | Tier 1 Capital |  | Tier 2 Capital |  | Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) | Tier 1 Leverage | Tier 1 Risk-based Capital | Total Risk-based Capital |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| As of $12 / 31 / 19$ | \$ | 1,808 | \$ | 2,273 | 10.92\% | 9.59\% | 10.92\% | 13.73\% |
| As of 01/01/20, with CECL Day 1 adjustment |  | 1,813 |  | 2,273 | 10.92\% | 9.59\% | 10.92\% | 13.73\% |
| As of 03/31/20 |  | 1,778 |  | 2,262 | 11.10\% | 8.96\% | 11.10\% | 14.13\% |
| As of 06/30/20 |  | 1,820 |  | 2,287 | 11.85\% | 8.78\% | 11.85\% | 14.89\% |
| As of 09/30/20 | \$ | 1,868 | \$ | 2,348 | 12.55\% | 9.05\% | 12.56\% | 15.78\% |
| Regulatory "Well Capitalized" |  |  |  |  | 6.50\% | 5.00\% | 8.00\% | 10.00\% |

## Loan Concentration

|  | \% of <br> Total Capital |
| :--- | :---: |
| As of 09/30/20 | $79 \%$ |
| C\&D | $263 \%$ |

## Regulatory Capital Comments:

- The Company elected the 5 year phase-in of the CECL Day 1 impact to Regulatory Capital
- PPP loans are assigned a risk weight of zero percent


## Regulatory Capital Ratios



TIER 1 LEVERAGE RATIO ${ }^{(1)}$

CET1 CAPITAL RATIO ${ }^{(1)}$

| $17.0 \%$ |
| :---: |
| $15.0 \%$ |
| $13.0 \%$ |
| $11.0 \%$ |
| $9.0 \%$ |
| $7.0 \%$ |
| $5.0 \%$ |
| $3.0 \%$ |

[^0]
## Book Value \& Tangible Book Value


(1) As of December 31, except for FY20 Q3, which is as of quarter end.
(2) Figures based on tangible book value (which excludes goodwill and other intangible assets) are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

## Deposits

## \$ in millions

## Deposit Composition

|  | as of 3/31/20 |  |  | as of 6/30/20 |  |  | as of 9/30/20 |  |  | Change from 12/31/19 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Balance | \% | Rate | Balance | \% | Rate | Balance | \% | Rate | Balance | Rate |
| Non-interest bearing | \$ 3,572 | 23\% | 0.00\% | \$ 4,608 | 28\% | 0.00\% | \$ 4,451 | 28\% | 0.00\% | \$ 710 | 0.00\% |
| Interest bearing transaction \& savings | 8,841 | 57\% | 0.80\% | 8,978 | 54\% | 0.32\% | 8,994 | 55\% | 0.30\% | (97) | (0.66\%) |
| Time deposits | 3,147 | 20\% | 1.70\% | 3,030 | 18\% | 1.42\% | 2,802 | 17\% | 1.25\% | (475) | (0.64\%) |
| Total Deposits | \$ 15,560 | 100\% | 0.80\% | \$ 16,616 | 100\% | 0.44\% | \$ 16,247 | 100\% | 0.39\% | \$ 138 | (0.55\%) |

## Interest Bearing Deposit Repricing

- Interest Rates - In March, the Fed reduced the Fed Funds target rate by 150 basis points.
- Interest Bearing Transaction Deposits - Rates were lowered during the latter part of the first quarter.
- Time Deposits - Rates were lowered during the latter part of the first quarter. Based on maturities, we expect there will be a continued lag in the impact to interest expense.


## SFNC Cost of Deposits during the "Great Recession" (1)

|  | Q407 | Q408 | Q409 | Q410 | Q411 | Q412 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Int. Bearing Dep. | $3.45 \%$ | $2.26 \%$ | $1.24 \%$ | $0.83 \%$ | $0.63 \%$ | $0.42 \%$ |
| Cost of Deposits | $2.98 \%$ | $1.96 \%$ | $1.07 \%$ | $0.71 \%$ | $0.50 \%$ | $0.34 \%$ |

(1) Source: S\&P Global Market Intelligence

## Liquidity and Investment Securities

## Liquidity

- Over $\$ 2.5$ billion in Cash and Cash Equivalents as of 9/30/20
- Intentionally increased cash position in Q1
- In Q1, sold investment securities when the 10YR TSY was near historic lows
- Increase in deposits
- Over $\$ 5$ billion available in secondary borrowing sources of liquidity as of quarter end
- Substantial access to brokered deposits
- Loan/Deposit Ratio of $86 \%$ as of $9 / 30 / 20$ ( $80 \%$ excluding PPP loans)

Cash and Cash Equivalents
(In millions)


## Investment Securities Plan

- In Q1, sold ~\$1 billion of investment securities to
- De-risk the balance sheet
- Create liquidity
- Recognize gains of over $\$ 30$ million
- Increase capital
- In Q3, sold ~\$500 million of investment securities
- Projected calls for the next 12-18 months and realized gains
- Took advantage of large gains
- Recognized gains of over $\$ 22$ million
- Q3 investment security yield was $2.60 \%$
- Expect to re-invest approximately $\$ 500$ million in the investment securities portfolio by year-end


## $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quarter 2020 Earnings Highlights

## Financial Highlights

| QUARTERLY RESULTS <br> \$ IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA | $\text { Q2 } 2020$ <br> EARNINGS |  | Q3 2020 <br> EARNINGS |  | CHANGE |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Q2 } 2020 \\ \text { DILUTED EPS } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | Q3 2020 DILUTED EPS |  | CHANGE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | \$ | \% |  | \$ |  |  | \% |
| GAAP Results | \$ | 58.79 |  |  | \$ | 65.89 | \$ | 7.10 | 12.1\% |  |  | \$ | 0.54 | \$ | 0.60 | \$ | 0.06 | 11.1\% |
| Non-Core Items |  | 1.36 |  | 2.45 |  | 1.10 | 80.6\% |  | 0.01 |  | 0.03 |  | 0.02 | 200.0\% |
| Non-GAAP Core Results | \$ | 60.15 | \$ | 68.34 | \$ | 8.19 | 13.6\% | \$ | 0.55 | \$ | 0.63 | \$ | 0.08 | 14.5\% |
| ROA |  | 1.08\% |  | 1.20\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core ROA |  | 1.11\% |  | 1.25\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ROACE |  | 8.21\% |  | 8.91\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core ROACE |  | 8.40\% |  | 9.24\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ROTCE |  | 14.55\% |  | 15.45\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core ROTCE |  | 14.87\% |  | 16.00\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency Ratio ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 51.46\% |  | 54.12\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NIM |  | 3.42\% |  | 3.21\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core NIM |  | 3.18\% |  | 3.02\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| YTD RESULTS (as of September 30) \$ IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA | $2019$ <br> EARNINGS |  | $2020$ <br> EARNINGS |  | CHANGE |  |  | $2019$ <br> DILUTED EPS |  | $2020$ <br> DILUTED EPS |  | CHANGE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \$ | \% |  | \$ | \% |  |  |  |  |
| GAAP Results | \$ | 185.12 |  |  | \$ | 201.90 | \$ | 16.78 | 9.1\% | \$ | 1.94 | \$ | 1.83 | \$ | (0.11) | (5.7\%) |
| Non-Core Items |  | 13.37 |  | 0.43 |  | (12.95) | (96.8\%) |  | 0.14 |  | - |  | (0.14) | (100.0\%) |
| Non-GAAP Core Results | \$ | 198.49 | \$ | 202.32 | \$ | 3.83 | 1.9\% | \$ | 2.08 | \$ | 1.83 | \$ | (0.25) | (12.0\%) |
| ROA |  | 1.44\% |  | 1.25\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core ROA |  | 1.55\% |  | 1.26\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ROACE |  | 10.65\% |  | 9.27\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core ROACE |  | 11.42\% |  | 9.29\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ROTCE |  | 19.27\% |  | 16.19\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core ROTCE |  | 20.62\% |  | 16.22\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Efficiency Ratio ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 49.49\% |  | 54.46\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NIM |  | 3.88\% |  | 3.43\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Core NIM |  | 3.64\% |  | 3.20\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: Core figures (excluding Core NIM) exclude non-core income and expense items (e.g., early retirement program costs, gain on sale of banking operations, merger related costs and branch right-sizing costs). Core NIM excludes purchase accounting interest accretion. Core figures, as well as figures based on tangible common equity (which excludes goodwill and other intangible assets), are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations. and losses from securities transactions and non-core items, and is a non-GAAP measurement. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

## 2020 Financial Highlights

## As of and for the quarter ended September 30, 2020



- Total Assets were $\$ 21.4$ billion, Loans were $\$ 14.0$ billion and Deposits were $\$ 16.2$ billion
- ROAA of $1.20 \%$ and Core ROAA of $1.25 \%$
- Efficiency Ratio of 54.12\%
- ROACE of $8.91 \%$ and Core ROACE of $9.24 \%$
- ROTCE of $15.45 \%$ and Core ROTCE of $16.00 \%$
- NIM of 3.21\% and Core NIM of 3.02\%
- Diluted EPS of $\$ 0.60$ and Core Diluted EPS of $\$ 0.63$
- Construction \& Development concentration was 79\%
- CRE concentration was $263 \%$, down from a high of $333 \%$ at the end of the second quarter of 2019
- Equity to asset ratio of $13.7 \%$ and tangible common equity to tangible asset ratio of $8.7 \%$
- Book value per share of $\$ 26.98$, an increase of $2.4 \%$ compared to the same date in 2019
- Tangible book value per share of $\$ 16.07$, an increase of $2.2 \%$ compared to the same date in 2019
- Since October 17, 2019, the Company has repurchased approximately 5.3 million shares at a weighted average price of $\$ 19.47$


## NON-CORE ITEMS

- Merger-related, early retirement program and branch right-sizing costs of $\$ 3.3$ million pre-tax and \$2.5 million after-tax


## Net Interest Income

\$ in millions

|  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Q3 | Q4 | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 |
| Loan Yield ${ }^{(1)}$ | 5.47\% | 5.43\% | 5.19\% | 4.84\% | 4.54\% |
| Core Loan Yield ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ | 5.19\% | 5.00\% | 4.86\% | 4.52\% | 4.29\% |
| Security Yield ${ }^{(1)}$ | 2.87\% | 2.73\% | 2.63\% | 2.50\% | 2.60\% |
| Cost of Interest Bearing Deposits | 1.40\% | 1.22\% | 1.03\% | 0.59\% | 0.54\% |
| Cost of Deposits | 1.09\% | 0.94\% | 0.80\% | 0.44\% | 0.39\% |
| Cost of Borrowed Funds | 2.52\% | 2.30\% | 2.06\% | 1.84\% | 1.85\% |
| Net Interest Margin ${ }^{(1)}$ | 3.82\% | 3.78\% | 3.68\% | 3.42\% | 3.21\% |
| Core Net Interest Margin ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ | 3.59\% | 3.44\% | 3.42\% | 3.18\% | 3.02\% |
| Fed Funds Target Rate | 2.00\% | 1.75\% | 0.25\% | 0.25\% | 0.25\% |


| 2020 SCHEDULED ACCRETION |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{Q 1}$ (Actual) | $\$ 11.8$ |
| $\mathbf{Q 2}$ (Actual) | $\$ 11.7$ |
| $\mathbf{Q 3}$ (Actual) | $\$ 8.9$ |
| $\mathbf{Q 4}$ (Estimated) | $\$ 3.4$ |
| FY20 (Estimated) | $\$ 35.9$ |

HISTORICAL LOAN DISCOUNT BALANCE \& ACCRETION INCOME

(1) Fully tax equivalent using an effective tax rate of $26.135 \%$.
(2) Core loan yield and core net interest margin exclude accretion and are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

## Revenue

| Category | Q2-20 Linked Quarter Change | Q3-20 Linked Quarter Change | Management's Outlook |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest Income | Down \$17.6 million or 8.4\% <br> (Decrease was driven by the Q2 Fed rate cut, excess liquidity, and lower security portfolio balance) | Down $\$ 11.9$ million <br> (Decrease was driven by the Q2 Fed rate cut, excess liquidity, lower security portfolio balance and lower loan portfolio balance) | Expect continued negative pressure from: <br> - Lower yields on investment securities and interest bearing cash accounts <br> - Loan growth tempered <br> - Timing of PPP Loan repayment <br> Expect to reinvest up to $\$ 500$ million in the security portfolio in Q4-20. |
| Interest Expense | Down \$13.8 million or 33.0\% | Down \$1.9 million | Cost of deposits decreased 55 basis points from 12/31/19 to Q3-20. Anticipate deposit cost to remain stable for the balance of the year. |
| Net Interest Income | Down \$3.8 million or 2.3\% | Down \$10.1 million | Expect a flat to slightly declining NIM for the balance of 2020 (PPP Loans and additional liquidity are expected to continue to impact the NIM for the balance of the year). |
| Trust Revenue | Up \$102,000 or 1.4\% | Down \$509,000 | Anticipate flat to slight decrease in Trust revenue due to pricing being based on market value. |
| Service Charges | Down \$4.8 million or 35.7\% <br> (Decrease was driven by lower transaction volume primarily related to COVID-19) | Up \$1.8 million | Anticipate flat to modest increase in service charge fee income on deposits and ODP fees (dependent on impact from COVID-19). |
| Mortgage Revenue | Up $\$ 7.4$ million or $146.9 \%$ (Increase was driven new mortgage loans and refinancing across the industry) | Up \$1.5 million | For Q4, expect a decrease as new loans and refinancing slows. |
| Debit and Credit Card fees | Up \$82,000 or 1.0\% | Up \$854,000 | Anticipate modest increase for the balance of the year. |
| Gain on Sale of Securities | Down \$31.7 million | Up \$21.9 million | Management will continue to look for opportunities to maximize the value of the investment portfolio. |
| Other income | Down \$3.0 million <br> (Decrease was primarily driven by gain on sale of the South TX branches of $\$ 5.9$ million in Q1 and gain on sale of Colorado branches of \$2 million in Q2) | Down \$4.4 million | Management expects other income to modestly decrease due to lower income related to recoveries. |

## Provision and Non-interest Expense

| Category | Q2-20 Linked Quarter Change | Q3-20 Linked Quarter Change | Management's Outlook |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Provision Expense | Down \$1.2 million | Up \$1.1 million | Provision expense expected to be impacted by changes of the following: <br> 1. Loan Growth - expect flat to decreasing <br> 2. Charge-off's - if not specifically reserved <br> 3. Moody's Economic Scenario Forecast: <br> Management's weighting for Q3: <br> - Moody's S1: 16\% <br> - Moody's Baseline: 66\% <br> - Moody's S2: $18 \%$ |
| Salaries and Employee Benefits | Down $\$ 10.3$ million or $15.1 \%$ <br> 1) Employee benefits - $\$ 3.1$ million decrease (payroll taxes, insurance utilization, and other employee benefits) <br> 2) Salaries - $\$ 2.3$ million decrease <br> 3) Incentive based plans - $\$ 4.9$ million decrease (executive, lender and retail incentive plans) | Up $\$ 3.5$ million <br> Increase was driven by a lower Q2-20 base, due to mid-year accrual adjustments for benefits and incentive plans as of 6/30/20. | Expect decrease in Salaries and Benefit Expense due to branch closures that occurred on $10 / 9 / 20$. |
| Occupancy Expense | Down \$293,000 or 3.1\% | Up \$430,000 | Expect decrease in Salaries and Benefit Expense due to branch closures that occurred on 10/9/20. |
| Other Expense | Down \$642,000 | Down \$2.6 million | Enhanced emphasis on efficiencies throughout the Company. We will continue to invest in our digital capacity. |
| Non-interest Expense quarte | n-rate estimate for the balance | 20 | Anticipate approximately $\$ 115-\$ 118$ million in Q4. |

## Branch Rightsizing Initiative

## Branch Sales

## South Texas Branch Sale

- Announced on December 20, 2019
- Closed on February 28, 2020
- 5 Branches
- Deposits: $\$ 140$ million
- Loans: \$261 million
- Gain on sale: \$5.9 million


## Colorado Branch Sale

- Announced on February 10, 2020
- Closed on May 15, 2020
- 4 Branches
- Deposits: $\$ 63$ million
- Loans: $\$ 121$ million
- Gain on sale:
\$2.2 million


## Branch Closings

## Landrum Branch Closures

- 6 Branches closed as part of the Landrum acquisition
- Branches closed prior to system conversion on February 14, 2020


## June 2020 Branch Closures

- 11 Branches closed on June 26, 2020
- Estimated one-time charges of $\$ 1.9$ million
- Estimated annual net savings $\$ 2.4$ million
- Earn back period of less than 1 year


## October 2020 Branch Closures

- 23 Branches closed on October 9, 2020
- Estimated one-time charges of $\$ 9.6$ million
- Estimated annual net savings $\$ 6.7$ million
- Earn back period of less than 1.4 years


## Key Ratios Adjusted for PPP Loans \& Additional Liquidity

| Adjusted for PPP Loans | Including <br> PPP Loans | Excluding <br> PpP Loans <br> $(1)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Loan yield | $4.54 \%$ | $4.70 \%$ |
| Core Loan Yield | $4.29 \%$ | $4.43 \%$ |
| Allowance for credit losses to total loans | $1.77 \%$ | $1.90 \%$ |
| Stockholders' equity to total assets | $13.72 \%$ | $14.38 \%$ |
| Tangible common equity to tangible assets | $8.65 \%$ | $9.09 \%$ |
| Regulatory tier 1 leverage ratio | $9.05 \%$ | $9.49 \%$ |
| Loans / Deposits | $86 \%$ | $80 \%$ |

Net interest margin (FTE) was $3.21 \%$ for the quarter ended September 30, 2020, while the core net interest margin, which excludes the accretion, was $3.02 \%$ for the same period. The decrease in the net interest margin during the third quarter of 2020 was primarily driven by additional liquidity created in response to the COVID-19 pandemic and the lower yielding PPP loans originated during the second and third quarters of 2020, which decreased the net interest margin by approximately 30 basis points.

[^1]
## Performance Trends




NON-INTEREST INCOME / REVENUE





(1) As of December 31, unless otherwise noted.

Efficiency ratio is core non-interest expense before foreclosed property expense and amortization of intangibles as a percent of net interest income (fully taxable equivalent) and non-interest revenues, excluding gains and losses from securities transactions and non-core items, and is a non-GAAP measurement. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.
Note: Core figures exclude non-core income and expense items (e.g., early retirement program costs, gain on early retirement of trust preferred securities, gain on sale of branches, gain on sale of insurance lines of business, donation to the Simmons Foundation, one-time tax adjustment, merger related costs and branch right-sizing costs). Core figures are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

## Performance Trends



Note: Core figures exclude non-core income and expense items (e.g., early retirement program costs, gain on early retirement of trust preferred securities, gain on sale of branches, gain on sale of insurance lines of business, donation to the simmons Foundation, one-time tax adjustment, merger related costs and branch right-sizing costs). Core figures, as well as figures based on tangible common equity (which excludes goodwill and other intangible assets), are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

## Performance Trends


(1) LTM (Last Twelve Months) as of September 30, 2020
(2) Per share information has been adjusted to reflect the effects of the Company's two-for-one stock split, which occurred on February 8, 2018.

Note: Core figures exclude non-core income and expense items (e.g., early retirement program costs, gain on early retirement of trust preferred securities, gain on sale of branches, gain on sale of insurance lines of business, donation to the Simmons Foundation, one-time tax adjustment, merger related costs and branch right-sizing costs). Core figures, as well as figures based on tangible common equity (which excludes goodwill and other intangible assets), are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

## CORPORATE PROFILE AND COMPANY HIGHLIGHTS

## Company Profile

| TICKER: SFNC |
| :---: |
| Founded |
| 1903 |
| Footprint |
| 7 States |
| Market Cap ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| \$1.7 billion |
| Total Assets ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| \$21.4 billion |



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS BY DIVISION ${ }^{(2)(3)}$

| Division | Geographic Footprint | Branches | Loans | Deposits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arkansas Communities | Arkansas smaller population markets | 46 | \$1.4 | \$2.9 |
| Central Arkansas | Little Rock/North Little Rock/Benton/Bryant | 20 | \$0.8 | \$1.4 |
| Western | Northwest Arkansas/Oklahoma/Kansas | 37 | \$1.8 | \$2.5 |
| Missouri | Missouri/Illinois | 67 | \$3.0 | \$3.9 |
| Tennessee | Tennessee | 42 | \$1.5 | \$2.4 |
| Texas | Dallas/Fort Worth/North Texas | 30 | \$3.7 | \$2.0 |

(1) Based on September 30, 2020 closing stock price of $\$ 15.86$ and number of shares outstanding as of that date.
(2) As of September 30, 2020
(3) Loan and deposit figures in billions. The balances include only those assigned to the division (The balances do not include other business units such as credit cards, equipment finance, energy, brokered and other).

## 2020 Strategy

## 2020 Strategy



## Selected Business Units

As of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2020

- $\$ 173$ million nationwide credit card portfolio
- Loan yield (including fees): $13.1 \%$
- History of excellent credit quality ( $1.75 \%$ YTD net charge-off ratio)
- Mortgage Originations : \$911 million
- $45 \%$ Purchase vs. $55 \%$ Refinance


## TRUST

- Total Assets: $\$ 5.9$ billion
- Managed Assets: $\$ 3.6$ billion
- Non-managed / Custodial Assets: $\$ 2.3$ billion
- Profit Margin: 35.9\%
- Growing investment management business


## ROYALTY TRUST

- Revenue: $\$ 1.6$ million

WEALTH MANAGEMENT
- Profit Margin : 32.6\%


## INVESTMENTS

- Beginning March 2019, retail investments services provided through networking arrangement with LPL Financial
- LPL platform, among other things, provides customers with online self-service trade option
- Retail Group: $\$ 1.55$ billion AUM
- $\$ 323$ million in fee-based / advisory assets


## insurance (EMPLOYEe benefits \& LIFE)

- Revenue: $\$ 910$ thousand
- Profit Margin: $32 \%$


## Next Generation Bank Program



- Business-led, comprehensive IT initiative that is providing new systems and improved processes to help achieve Simmons' position as a banking leader
- NGB will occur primarily during 2019 and 2020


## WHY

- To remain competitive, we must enhance what our current systems and processes can provide - to our customers and our associates
- Approximately \$8 million of CapEx related to "NGB 2.0 " in 2020
- Approximately $\$ 9$ million increase in 2020 IT OpEx compared to 2019 (full-year impact of NGB 1.0 and partial year of NGB 2.0)

- Allows better identification of opportunities for our customers and the ability to offer them proactively vs. waiting for our customer to ask for help
- Enhanced customer engagement and interaction across all channels, including digital
- Data will be more efficiently entered, accurate and accessible
- Many processes will be simplified and automated
- Intuitive access to information supporting quick, customer centric, profitable decisions
- Associates will have rewarding professional opportunities and internal support to grow alongside Simmons Bank


## Acquisitions Since 2013



1) Purchase price and ratios as of closed date. Source: S\&P Global Market Intelligence
(2) Metropolitan was acquired from Section 363 Bankruptcy.

## 111 Years of Consistent Dividend History


(1) Based on September 30,2020 closing stock price of $\$ 15.86$.
(2) FY20 Q3 EPS of $\$ 0.60$.
(3) FY20 Q3 Core EPS of $\$ 0.63$, excludes non-core income and expense items and is a non-GAAP measurement. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations

Note: The future payment of dividends is not guaranteed and is subject to various factors, including approval by the Company's board of directors.

## 1 Year Total Shareholder Return



Note: Based on September 30, 2020 closing stock price of $\$ 15.86$.

## Long-term Shareholder Return



## Investment Profile



Source: S\&P Global Market Intelligence
(1) LTM Core EPS excludes non-core income and expense items and is a non-GAAP measurement. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

Based upon the Company's average six analyst consensus EPS of $\$ 1.93$ for 2020 and $\$ 1.73$ for 2021.
(3) Tangible book value (which excludes goodwill and other intangible assets) is a non-GAAP measurement. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

The ratings provided by KBRA are subject to revision or withdrawal by KBRA at any time and are not recommendations to buy, sell or hold these securities. Each rating should be evaluated independently of any other rating.

## BRANDING PARTNERSHIPS

## Simmons Bank Open, Team Simmons \& Additional PGA Activation



A marquee showcase event, Simmons Bank Open, in Nashville, Tennessee. Tournament week includes substantial branding, Pro-Am outings and hospitality.

Team Simmons Bank is comprised of four Korn Ferry tour golfers. Braden Thornberry of Memphis, Tennessee; Dawson Armstrong of Nashville, Tennessee; Kevin Dougherty and Will Zalatoris, both of Dallas, Texas. Our agreement includes branding and client engagement events.
Additional Korn Ferry Tour and PGA TOUR hospitality tournament activations throughout the year.

## St. Louis Blues |St. Louis, Missouri



Our St. Louis market is excited to be a sponsor of the 2019 Stanley Cup champions, the St. Louis Blues hockey team, during the 20192020 season. As a part of the sponsorship, Simmons Bank signage is featured throughout Enterprise Center during hockey games, as well as concerts and other events held at the venue.

With our expanded presence in the St. Louis market, we think this sponsorship is a wonderful avenue for us to further the Simmons Bank brand within the community. The team's recent championship win only adds to the value of this sponsorship.

## Dickies Arena: Simmons Bank Plaza \& Pavilion | Fort Worth, Texas



In October 2019, Simmons Bank became the naming rights holder to the Simmons Bank Plaza and Simmons Bank Pavilion at the newly constructed Dickies Arena, a 14,000-seat, multi-purpose venue in Fort Worth, Texas.
The Simmons Bank Plaza is an over 200,000-square-foot outdoor entertainment hub where fan festivals, outdoor concerts, pre-and post-show events, and more are held.
The Simmons Bank Pavilion is an indoor facility adjacent to the Plaza that hosts corporate and civic events.
Simmons became the official banking partner for Dickies Arena and a major sponsor of the Fort Worth Stock Show \& Rodeo, the oldest continuously running livestock show and rodeo, held annually since 1896. The Stock Show provides millions of dollars in grants and scholarships to support future leaders in agriculture and livestock management.

## Discovery Park: Exhibit \& Simmons Bank Ag Center | Union City, Tennessee



In December 2019, Simmons Bank was announced as a major sponsor and partner for Discovery Park of America's permanent exhibit, "AgriCulture: Innovating for Our Survival."

The exhibit is scheduled to open in fall 2020 in a 8,900-square-foot building to be named the Simmons Bank Ag Center.
Discovery Park of America is a world-class museum and 50-acre heritage park located in Union City, Tennessee, founded with a vision to support farmers and inspire the imaginations of children and adults.
With our deep roots in the west Tennessee, Arkansas Delta and a heritage of serving farmers for more than 100 years, Simmons Bank is honored to help bring this initiative to life.

## Simmons Bank Field | Pine Bluff, Arkansas



In 2018, Simmons announced a \$2.5 million gift to the University of Arkansas at Pine Bluff (UAPB) to fund athletics upgrades. Adding to our legacy of investing in our hometown and headquarters in Pine Bluff, Arkansas, the gift is the largest in UAPB history and funded a new football stadium scoreboard and 90,000-square-foot IRONTURF field, along with the completion of the baseball pavilion at the Torii Hunter Baseball and Softball Complex.

## Simmons Bank Arena | North Little Rock, Arkansas



In October 2019, Simmons acquired naming rights to Simmons Bank Arena in North Little Rock, Arkansas. The arena is a beacon for economic vitality and culture in our home state, all while being a destination for nearly 500,000 annual visitors. Simmons Bank Arena is ranked \#39 in the United States in ticket sales according to Pollstar. Additional sponsorship rights include two suites used for business development, early access ticket sales and a Simmons customer entrance.

## Simmons Tower | Little Rock, Arkansas



At 42 stories and the tallest building in Arkansas, we have a multi-year arrangement with the building's owner for the tower signage and we continue to operate a branch bank in the lobby. Coupled with our River Market building and Simmons Bank Arena signage we effectively created a highly visible brand in downtown Little Rock.

## River Market Building | Little Rock, Arkansas



We were pleased to acquire this beautiful building in the heart of the vibrant city of Little Rock and make it a regional hub just an hour from our corporate headquarters in Pine Bluff. We continue to increase our banking operations in new areas of the country, and while we're now in seven states, many of our centralized services remain in Arkansas, where we were founded.

Amenities of a secured parking deck, wellness center, café providing multiple meal options for breakfast and lunch, and our beautiful park get the attention of potential associates and help solidify relationships with existing associates. The building's location is also convenient to entertainment and dining venues, nearby hotels and a short commute to the airport.

We wrapped the exterior of the building in 3,000 feet of LED lights. With more than 16 -million color combinations and the ability to program them every five inches, these lights can create dynamic color-changing effects, and they are environmentally friendly and energy efficient. We have used the lights to support causes such as Breast Cancer Awareness and Prostate Cancer Awareness, as well as celebrating various holidays, including the $4^{\text {th }}$ of July, Christmas, Valentine's Day and more.

APPENDIX

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

| \$ in thousands |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q2 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q3 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YTD } \\ & 2019 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YTD } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ | LTM |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Core Earnings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Income | \$ | 96,790 | \$ | 92,940 | \$ | 215,713 | \$ | 237,828 | \$ | 58,789 | \$ | 65,885 | \$ | 185,119 | \$ | 201,897 | \$ | 254,606 |
| Non-core items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gain on sale of banking operations |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(2,204)$ |  | - |  | - |  | $(8,093)$ |  | $(8,093)$ |
| Gain from early retirement of TRUPS |  | (594) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Gain on sale of P\&C insurance business |  | - |  | $(3,708)$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Donation to Simmons Foundation |  | - |  | 5,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Merger related costs |  | 4,835 |  | 21,923 |  | 4,777 |  | 36,379 |  | 1,830 |  | 902 |  | 11,548 |  | 3,800 |  | 28,631 |
| Early Retirement Program |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 3,464 |  | 493 |  | 2,346 |  | 3,464 |  | 2,839 |  | 2,839 |
| Branch right sizing |  | 3,359 |  | 169 |  | 1,341 |  | 3,129 |  | 1,721 |  | 72 |  | 3,092 |  | 2,031 |  | 2,068 |
| Tax Effect ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | $(2,981)$ |  | $(8,746)$ |  | $(1,598)$ |  | $(11,234)$ |  | (482) |  | (867) |  | $(4,731)$ |  | (151) |  | $(6,654)$ |
| Net non-core items (before SAB 118 adjustment) |  | 4,619 |  | 14,638 |  | 4,520 |  | 31,738 |  | 1,358 |  | 2,453 |  | 13,373 |  | 426 |  | 18,791 |
| SAB 118 adjustment ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | - |  | 11,471 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Core earnings (non-GAAP) | \$ | 101,409 | \$ | 119,049 | \$ | 220,233 | \$ | 269,566 | \$ | 60,147 | \$ | 68,338 | \$ | 198,492 | \$ | 202,323 | \$ | 273,397 |

(1) Effective tax rate of $26.135 \%$ for $2018-2020$ and $39.225 \%$ for prior periods, adjusted for non-deductible merger-related costs and deferred tax items on $\mathrm{P} \& \mathrm{C}$ insurance sale.
(2) Tax adjustment to revalue deferred tax assets and liabilities to account for the future impact of lower corporate tax.

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

| \$ per Share | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q2 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q3 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YTD } \\ & 2019 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YTD } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Diluted Earnings per Share (EPS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$ | 1.56 | \$ | 1.33 | \$ | 2.32 | \$ | 2.41 | \$ | 0.54 | \$ | 0.60 | \$ | 1.94 | \$ | 1.83 | \$ | 2.31 |
| Non-core items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gain on sale of banking operations |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | (0.02) |  | - |  | - |  | (0.07) |  | (0.07) |
| Gain from early retirement of TRUPS |  | (0.01) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Gain on sale of P\&C insurance business |  | - |  | (0.04) |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Donation to Simmons Foundation |  | - |  | 0.07 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |
| Merger related costs |  | 0.08 |  | 0.31 |  | 0.05 |  | 0.37 |  | 0.02 |  | 0.01 |  | 0.12 |  | 0.03 |  | 0.27 |
| Early Retirement Program |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 0.03 |  | - |  | 0.02 |  | 0.04 |  | 0.02 |  | 0.02 |
| Branch right sizing |  | 0.06 |  | - |  | 0.02 |  | 0.03 |  | 0.02 |  | - |  | 0.03 |  | 0.02 |  | 0.02 |
| Tax effect ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | (0.05) |  | (0.13) |  | (0.02) |  | (0.11) |  | (0.01) |  | - |  | (0.05) |  | - |  | (0.06) |
| Net non-core items (before SAB 118 adjustment) |  | 0.08 |  | 0.21 |  | 0.05 |  | 0.32 |  | 0.01 |  | 0.03 |  | 0.14 |  | (0.00) |  | 0.18 |
| SAB 118 adjustment ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | - |  | 0.16 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Diluted core earnings per share (non-GAAP) | \$ | 1.64 | \$ | 1.70 | \$ | 2.37 | \$ | 2.73 | \$ | 0.55 | \$ | 0.63 | \$ | 2.08 | \$ | 1.83 | \$ | 2.49 |

(1) Effective tax rate of $26.135 \%$ for $2018-2020$ and $39.225 \%$ for prior periods, adjusted for non-deductible merger-related costs and deferred tax items on $\mathrm{P} \& \mathrm{C}$ insurance sale.
(2) Tax adjustment to revalue deferred tax assets and liabilities to account for the future impact of lower corporate tax.

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

| \$ in thousands | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q2 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q3 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { YTD } \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { YTD } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Core Return on Average Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income available to common stockholders | \$ | 96,790 | \$ | 92,940 | \$ | 215,713 | \$ | 237,828 | \$ | 58,789 | \$ | 65,885 | \$ | 185,119 | \$ | 201,897 |
| Net non-core items, net of taxes, adjustment (non-GAAP) |  | 4,619 |  | 26,109 |  | 4,520 |  | 31,738 |  | 1,358 |  | 2,453 |  | 13,373 |  | 426 |
| Core earnings (non-GAAP) | \$ | 101,409 | \$ | 119,049 | \$ | 220,233 | \$ | 269,566 | \$ | 60,147 | \$ | 68,338 | \$ | 198,492 | \$ | 202,323 |
| Average total assets | \$ | 7,760,233 | \$ | 10,074,951 | \$ | 15,771,362 | \$ | 17,871,748 | \$ | 21,822,273 | \$ | 21,765,321 | \$ | 17,140,419 | \$ | 21,503,564 |
| Return on average assets |  | 1.25\% |  | 0.92\% |  | 1.37\% |  | 1.33\% |  | 1.08\% |  | 1.20\% |  | 1.44\% |  | 1.25\% |
| Core return on average assets (non-GAAP) |  | 1.31\% |  | 1.18\% |  | 1.40\% |  | 1.51\% |  | 1.11\% |  | 1.25\% |  | 1.55\% |  | 1.26\% |
| Calculation of Return on Tangible Common Equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income available to common stockholders | \$ | 96,790 | \$ | 92,940 | \$ | 215,713 | \$ | 237,828 | \$ | 58,789 | \$ | 65,885 | \$ | 185,119 | \$ | 201,897 |
| Amortization of intangibles, net of taxes |  | 3,611 |  | 4,659 |  | 8,132 |  | 8,720 |  | 2,489 |  | 2,483 |  | 6,304 |  | 7,493 |
| Total income available to common stockholders (non-GAAP) | \$ | 100,401 | \$ | 97,599 | \$ | 223,845 | \$ | 246,548 | \$ | 61,278 | \$ | 68,368 | \$ | 191,423 | \$ | 209,390 |
| Net non-core items, net of taxes (non-GAAP) |  | 4,619 |  | 26,109 |  | 4,520 |  | 31,738 |  | 1,358 |  | 2,453 |  | 13,373 |  | 426 |
| Core earnings (non-GAAP) |  | 101,409 |  | 119,049 |  | 220,233 |  | 269,566 |  | 60,147 |  | 68,338 |  | 198,492 |  | 202,323 |
| Amortization of intangibles, net of taxes |  | 3,611 |  | 4,659 |  | 8,132 |  | 8,720 |  | 2,489 |  | 2,483 |  | 6,304 |  | 7,493 |
| Total core income available to common stockholders (non-GAAP) | \$ | 105,020 | \$ | 123,708 | \$ | 228,365 | \$ | 278,286 | \$ | 62,636 | \$ | 70,821 | \$ | 204,796 | \$ | 209,816 |
| Average common stockholders' equity | \$ | 1,105,775 | \$ | 1,390,815 | \$ | 2,157,097 | \$ | 2,396,024 | \$ | 2,879,337 | \$ | 2,942,045 | \$ | 2,323,530 | \$ | 2,910,366 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill |  | $(332,974)$ |  | $(455,453)$ |  | $(845,308)$ |  | $(921,635)$ |  | $(1,064,955)$ |  | $(1,064,893)$ |  | $(896,236)$ |  | $(1,061,793)$ |
| Other intangibles |  | $(51,710)$ |  | $(68,896)$ |  | $(97,820)$ |  | $(104,000)$ |  | $(120,111)$ |  | $(116,385)$ |  | $(99,178)$ |  | $(120,731)$ |
| Total average intangibles |  | $(384,684)$ |  | $(524,349)$ |  | $(943,128)$ |  | $(1,025,635)$ |  | $(1,185,066)$ |  | $(1,181,278)$ |  | $(995,414)$ |  | $(1,182,524)$ |
| Average tangible common stockholders' equity (non-GAAP) | \$ | 721,091 | \$ | 866,466 | \$ | 1,213,969 | \$ | $\underline{\text { 1,370,389 }}$ | \$ | 1,694,271 | \$ | $\underline{\text { 1,760,767 }}$ | \$ | 1,328,116 | \$ | $\underline{\text { 1,727,842 }}$ |
| Return on average common equity |  | 8.75\% |  | 6.68\% |  | 10.00\% |  | 9.93\% |  | 8.21\% |  | 8.91\% |  | 10.65\% |  | 9.27\% |
| Return on tangible common equity (non-GAAP) |  | 13.92\% |  | 11.26\% |  | 18.44\% |  | 17.99\% |  | 14.55\% |  | 15.45\% |  | 19.27\% |  | 16.19\% |
| Core return on average common equity (non-GAAP) |  | 9.17\% |  | 8.56\% |  | 10.21\% |  | 11.25\% |  | 8.40\% |  | 9.24\% |  | 11.42\% |  | 9.29\% |
| Core return on tangible common equity (non-GAAP) |  | 14.56\% |  | 14.28\% |  | 18.81\% |  | 20.31\% |  | 14.87\% |  | 16.00\% |  | 20.62\% |  | 16.22\% |

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

| \$ in thousands | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YTD } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Non-interest Income to Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Interest Income | \$ | 279,206 | \$ | 354,930 | \$ | 552,552 | \$ | 601,753 | \$ | 484,774 |
| Non-interest income |  | 139,382 |  | 138,765 |  | 143,896 |  | 205,031 |  | 204,472 |
| Total Revenue (GAAP) | \$ | 418,588 | \$ | 493,695 | \$ | 696,448 | \$ | 806,784 | \$ | 689,246 |
| Non-interest Income (GAAP) | \$ | 139,382 | \$ | 138,765 | \$ | 143,896 | \$ | 205,031 | \$ | 204,472 |
| Non-core Items (non-GAAP) |  | (835) |  | $(3,972)$ |  | - |  | - |  | $(8,463)$ |
| Core Non-interest Income (non-GAAP) | \$ | 138,547 | \$ | 134,793 | \$ | 143,896 | \$ | 205,031 | \$ | 196,009 |
| Net Interest Income | \$ | 279,206 | \$ | 354,930 | \$ | 552,552 | \$ | 601,753 | \$ | 484,774 |
| Core Non-interest Income (non-GAAP) |  | 138,547 |  | 134,793 |  | 143,896 |  | 205,031 |  | 196,009 |
| Core Total Revenue (non-GAAP) | \$ | 417,753 | \$ | 489,723 | \$ | 696,448 | \$ | 806,784 | \$ | 680,783 |
| Non-interest Income / Revenue (GAAP) |  | 33.3\% |  | 28.1\% |  | 20.7\% |  | 25.4\% |  | 29.7\% |
| Core Non-interest Income / Revenue (non-GAAP) |  | 33.2\% |  | 27.5\% |  | 20.7\% |  | 25.4\% |  | 28.8\% |

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

| \$ in thousands | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q2 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q3 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { YTD } \\ & 2019 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { YTD } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Efficiency Ratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-interest expense | \$ | 255,085 | \$ | 312,379 | \$ | 392,229 | \$ | 461,112 | \$ | 117,598 | \$ | 118,949 | \$ | 319,017 | \$ | 365,360 |
| Non-core non-interest expense adjustment |  | $(8,435)$ |  | $(27,357)$ |  | $(6,118)$ |  | $(42,972)$ |  | $(4,044)$ |  | $(3,690)$ |  | $(18,104)$ |  | $(9,040)$ |
| Other real estate and foreclosure expense adjustment |  | $(4,389)$ |  | $(3,042)$ |  | $(4,240)$ |  | $(3,282)$ |  | (242) |  | (600) |  | $(2,219)$ |  | $(1,161)$ |
| Amortization of intangibles adjustment |  | $(5,942)$ |  | $(7,666)$ |  | $(11,009)$ |  | $(11,805)$ |  | $(3,369)$ |  | $(3,362)$ |  | $(8,535)$ |  | $(10,144)$ |
| Efficiency ratio numerator | \$ | 236,319 | \$ | 274,314 | \$ | 370,862 | \$ | 403,053 | \$ | 109,943 | \$ | 111,297 | \$ | 290,159 | \$ | 345,015 |
| Net-interest income | \$ | 279,206 | \$ | 354,930 | \$ | 552,552 | \$ | 605,275 | \$ | 163,681 | \$ | 153,610 | \$ | 434,687 | \$ | 484,774 |
| Non-interest income |  | 139,382 |  | 138,765 |  | 143,896 |  | 201,509 |  | 50,227 |  | 71,851 |  | 159,401 |  | 204,472 |
| Non-core non-interest income adjustment |  | (835) |  | $(3,972)$ |  | - |  | - |  | $(2,204)$ |  | (370) |  | - |  | $(8,463)$ |
| Fully tax-equivalent adjustment ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 7,722 |  | 7,723 |  | 5,297 |  | 7,322 |  | 2,350 |  | 2,864 |  | 5,150 |  | 7,519 |
| (Gain) loss on sale of securities |  | $(5,848)$ |  | $(1,059)$ |  | (61) |  | $(13,314)$ |  | (390) |  | $(22,305)$ |  | $(12,937)$ |  | $(54,790)$ |
| Efficiency ratio denominator | \$ | 419,627 | \$ | 496,387 | \$ | 701,684 | \$ | 800,792 | \$ | 213,664 | \$ | 205,650 | \$ | 586,301 | \$ | 633,512 |
| Efficiency ratio ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 56.32\% |  | 55.27\% |  | 52.85\% |  | 50.33\% |  | 51.46\% |  | 54.12\% |  | 49.49\% |  | 54.46\% |

1) Effective tax rate of $26.135 \%$
(2) Efficiency ratio is core non-interest expense before foreclosed property expense and amortization of intangibles as a percent of net interest income (fully taxable equivalent) and noninterest revenues, excluding gains and losses from securities transactions and non-core items.

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations



## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

| \$ in thousands, except per share and share count | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q3 } \\ 2020 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Book Value and Tangible Book Value per Share |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total common stockholders' equity | \$ | 1,151,111 | \$ | 2,084,564 | \$ | 2,246,434 | \$ | 2,988,157 | \$ | ,474 |
| Intangible assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill |  | $(348,505)$ |  | $(842,651)$ |  | $(845,687)$ |  | $(1,055,520)$ |  | (15,305) |
| Other intangible assets |  | $(52,959)$ |  | $(106,071)$ |  | $(91,334)$ |  | $(127,340)$ |  | 4,460) |
| Total intangibles |  | $(401,464)$ |  | $(948,722)$ |  | $(937,021)$ |  | $(1,182,860)$ |  | 89,765) |
| Tangible common stockholders' equity (non-GAAP) | \$ | 749,647 | \$ | 1,135,842 | \$ | 1,309,413 | \$ | 1,805,297 | \$ | 51,709 |
| Shares of common stock outstanding |  | 62,555,446 |  | 92,029,118 |  | 92,347,643 |  | 13,628,601 |  | 23,781 |
| Book value per common share | \$ | 18.40 | \$ | 22.65 | \$ | 24.33 | \$ | 26.30 | \$ | 26.98 |
| Tangible book value per common share (non-GAAP) | \$ | 11.98 | \$ | 12.34 | \$ | 14.18 | \$ | 15.89 | \$ | 16.07 |
| Stock Price as of September 30, 2020 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 15.86 |
| Price / Book Value per Share |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.59 x |
| Price / Tangible Book Value per Share (non-GAAP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.99 x |

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

|  | Q2 |  | Q3 |  | Q4 |  | Q1 |  | Q2 |  | Q3 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ in thousands |  | 2019 |  | 2019 |  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2020 |  | 2020 |
| Calculation of Core Loan Yield |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loan interest income (FTE) <br> Total accretable yield | \$ | $\begin{gathered} 178,122 \\ (10,162) \end{gathered}$ | \$ | $\begin{gathered} 179,971 \\ (9,322) \end{gathered}$ | \$ | $\begin{gathered} 193,402 \\ (15,100) \end{gathered}$ | \$ | $\begin{gathered} 187,566 \\ (11,837) \end{gathered}$ | \$ | $\begin{gathered} 177,168 \\ (11,723) \end{gathered}$ | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 163,379 \\ (8,948) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Core loan interest income (non-GAAP) |  | 167,960 |  | 170,649 |  | 178,302 |  | 175,729 |  | 165,445 |  | 154,431 |
| PPP loan interest income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(3,733)$ |  | $(5,762)$ |
| Core loan interest income without PPP loans (non-GAAP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 161,712 |  | 148,669 |
| Average loan balance |  | 12,814,386 |  | 13,053,540 |  | 14,144,703 |  | 14,548,853 |  | 14,731,306 |  | 14,315,014 |
| Average PPP loan balance (non-GAAP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(645,172)$ |  | $(967,152)$ |
| Core loan interest income without PPP loans (non-GAAP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14,086,134 |  | 13,347,862 |
| Core loan yield (non-GAAP) |  | 5.26\% |  | 5.19\% |  | 5.00\% |  | 4.86\% |  | 4.52\% |  | 4.29\% |
| Core loan yield without PPP loans (non-GAAP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.62\% |  | 4.43\% |
| Calculation of Loan Yield Adjusted for PPP Loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loan interest income (FTE) PPP loan interest income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 163,379 \\ (5,782) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Loan interest income without PPP loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 157,597 |
| Average loan balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 14,315,014 |
| Average PPP loan balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(967,152)$ |
| Average loan balance without PPP loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 13,347,862 |
| Loan yield |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.54\% |
| Loan yield without PPP loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.70\% |
| Calculation of Loans to Deposits without PPP Loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 14,017,442 |
| PPP loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(970,488)$ |
| Loans less PPP Loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 13,046,954 |
| Deposits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 16,246,647 |
| Loans to Deposits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 86.28\% |
| Loans without PPP Loans to Deposits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 80.31\% |

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

| \$ in thousands |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q3 } \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q4 } \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q1 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q2 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q3 } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calculation of Tangible Common Equity to Tangible Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total stockholders' equity | \$ | 2,547,071 | \$ | 2,988,924 | \$ | 2,845,400 | \$ | 2,904,703 | \$ | 2,942,241 |
| Preferred stock |  |  |  | (767) |  | (767) |  | (767) |  | (767) |
| Total common stockholders' equity |  | 2,547,071 |  | 2,988,157 |  | 2,844,633 |  | 2,903,936 |  | 2,941,474 |
| Intangible assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill |  | $(926,648)$ |  | $(1,055,520)$ |  | (1,064,978) |  | $(1,064,765)$ |  | $(1,075,305)$ |
| Other intangible assets |  | $(101,149)$ |  | $(127,340)$ |  | $(121,673)$ |  | $(117,823)$ |  | $(114,460)$ |
| Total intangibles |  | $(1,027,797)$ |  | $(1,182,860)$ |  | $(1,186,651)$ |  | $(1,182,588)$ |  | $(1,189,765)$ |
| Tangible common stockholders' equity (non-GAAP) | \$ | 1,519,274 | \$ | 1,805,297 | \$ | 1,657,982 | \$ | 1,721,348 | \$ | 1,751,709 |
| Total assets |  | 17,758,511 |  | 21,259,143 |  | 20,841,352 |  | 21,903,684 |  | 21,437,395 |
| Intangible assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill |  | $(926,648)$ |  | $(1,055,520)$ |  | $(1,064,978)$ |  | $(1,064,765)$ |  | $(1,075,305)$ |
| Other intangible assets |  | $(101,149)$ |  | $(127,340)$ |  | $(121,673)$ |  | $(117,823)$ |  | $(114,460)$ |
| Total intangibles |  | $(1,027,797)$ |  | $(1,182,860)$ |  | $(1,186,651)$ |  | $(1,182,588)$ |  | (1,189,765) |
| Tangible assets (non-GAAP) | \$ | 16,730,714 | \$ | 20,076,283 | \$ | 19,654,701 | \$ | 20,721,096 | \$ | 20,247,630 |
| Paycheck protection program ("PPP") loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(963,712)$ |  | $(970,488)$ |
| Total assets less PPP loans (non-GAAP) |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 20,939,972 | \$ | 20,466,907 |
| Tangible assets less PPP loans (non-GAAP) |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ | 19,757,384 | \$ | 19,277,142 |
| Ratio of equity to assets |  | 14.34\% |  | 14.06\% |  | 13.65\% |  | 13.26\% |  | 13.72\% |
| Ratio of equity to assets less PPP loans (non-GAAP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13.87\% |  | 14.38\% |
| Ratio of tangible common equity to tangible assets (non-GAAP) |  | 9.08\% |  | 8.99\% |  | 8.44\% |  | 8.31\% |  | 8.65\% |
| Ratio of tangible common equity to tangible assets less PPP loans (non-GAAP) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8.71\% |  | 9.09\% |

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

|  | Q3 <br> \$ in thousands |
| :--- | ---: |
| Calculation of ACL / Loans (exluding PPP Loans) | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ |
| Total loans | $14,017,442$ |
| Allowance for credit losses on loans | 248,251 |
| ACL / Loans | $1.77 \%$ |
| Total loans | $14,017,442$ |
| PPP Loans | 970,488 |
| Total loans, excluding PPP Loans (non-GAAP) | $13,046,954$ |
| Allowance for credit losses on loans | 248,251 |
| ACL / Loans (excluding PPP Loans) (non-GAAP) | $1.90 \%$ |

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

Q3
\$ in thousands ..... 2020
Calculation of Regulatory Tier 1 Leverage Ratio Less Average PPP Loans
Total Tier 1 capital ..... $\$ 1,868,173$
Adjusted average assets for leverage ratio$\$ 20,652,454$
Average PPP loans
Adjusted average assets less average PPP loans (non-GAAP)$(967,152)$
Tier 1 leverage ratio$\$ 19,685,302$
Tier 1 leverage ratio less average PPP loans (non-GAAP) ..... 9.49\%9.05\%


[^0]:    (1) As of December 31, except for FY20 Q3, which is as of quarter end.

[^1]:    (1) Figures excluding PPP loans are non-GAAP measurements. See Appendix for non-GAAP reconciliations.

